



CHARLOTTEVILLE Bioblitz 2015

Final Report



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Report Credits

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Executive Summary

The fourth Trinidad & Tobago Bioblitz was conducted 24–25 October 2015, in and around Charlotteville, Tobago. Around 120 volunteers helped observe, collect, and identify a diverse range of organisms: plants, fungi, birds, mammals, reptiles, amphibians, terrestrial invertebrates and aquatic organisms. A variety of surveying methods was used, including direct observation, trapping, netting and sampling. More than 50 members of the public came to watch the volunteers at work and visit information stands staffed by members of various organisations. A total of 972 species were reported after 24 hours of surveying; this total was updated to 1044 after further analysis of specimens and results.

Keywords: biodiversity, biogeography, Caribbean, distribution, neotropics, survey, Tobago, West Indies

Introduction

Charlotteville was chosen as the location for the first-ever Tobago Bioblitz because of the wide range of habitats within a small area. The “top end” of Tobago has been a destination for naturalists for decades, with many new species having been discovered in the forests and seas. The village is also a welcoming destination for visitors, with accommodation and food being easily secured.

Mike G. Rutherford, Curator of the University of the West Indies Zoology Museum (UWIZM), organized the event, with help from members of the Trinidad & Tobago Field Naturalists’ Club (TTFNC) and The University of the West Indies (UWI) Department of Life Sciences, St. Augustine, Trinidad, and in partnership with the Environmental Research Institute Charlotteville (ERIC).

The base camp for the Bioblitz was the ERIC headquarters on the edge of Charlotteville. The ground floor of the building was transformed into a display area/laboratory/equipment store/cafe/terrace for the duration of the event and was looked after by Lanya Fanovich and Eileen Rutherford.

Many members of the Bioblitz teams stayed at the Man O’ War Bay cottages, with some people camping in the grounds whilst other participants used various guest houses in Charlotteville. The Tobago House of Assembly (THA) kindly allowed the use of the Charlotteville Rest House.

The Bioblitz started at 12:00 noon on Saturday 24 October and finished at 12:00 noon on Sunday 25 October 201. The final results were announced at around 13:00 on Sunday afternoon. The public were invited along to the base camp for Sunday morning.

Terrestrial surveying took place along several trails that had been previously selected to provide a diverse range of forest and vegetation types. For the marine surveying, several dive sites had been preselected by the team at ERIC.

Risk assessments were undertaken before the event, and safety information, including relevant points of contact for different eventualities, was provided to all participants.

A permit to conduct the survey and to collect certain specimens was issued by the THA Department for Natural Resources and the Environment.

The weather during the 24-hour period was variable. On Saturday it was overcast from noon, with a brief rain shower around 15:00, but this soon cleared, and the rest of the day and the early evening were dry. Around midnight showers started again. On Sunday the weather was clear at dawn but around 08:00 changed to very heavy rain until around 10:30 and then stayed overcast for the rest of the event.

Methods

Experts and volunteers grouped themselves together and prepared a plan of action for their teams before the event began.

Plants

The team was led by Mike Oatham from UWI. The survey area was examined on the USDA Forest Service map of ecosystems and a topographic map. All of the different ecosystem types were noted, and the access points (roads and trails marked on the maps and known to group members and Bioblitz organizers) were also noted. The group was split into three parties for the first day (12:00 to 18:00) in order to cover the maximum number of ecosystem types, given the topography and availability of access points. One group concentrated on walking a trail to reach Pigeon Peak, the highest point in the area, which also boasted undisturbed Montane and Lower Montane vegetation in the Main Ridge Forest Reserve, according to the USDA Forest Service map. Another group used a vehicle to access as many different ecosystem types as possible, from Flagstaff Hill down to Hermitage Bay on the coast. They covered more ecosystem types than the other plant groups but did not move away from the road. The third group tackled the walk to from the base camp to Pirate's Bay, taking in coastal and disturbed vegetation communities.

Groups encountered secondary vegetation (cocoa plantations, abandoned and active estates) and also native vegetation communities (in various stages of degradation). Each group maintained a list of plant species visually sighted (identification certain - mainly common species) and also collected specimens of plant species the identification of which they were unsure. In the evening of the first day and into the next morning, all specimens collected were examined and compared to keys and photographs from the literature for identification. New species were added to the list, and previously listed species were confirmed. On the morning of the second day, a core group combed the grounds of the Man O' War Bay Cottages for further species.

Birds

This team was led by Darshan Narang and Faraaz Abdool. They conducted mist net surveys and general area searches on land and sea.

Mist netting was conducted at two locations within the Charlotteville area. On Saturday, six 12-metre long mist nets were set up along Starwood Trace, off the road to Flagstaff Hill, at 06:00 and were closed at 17:00. On Sunday, the same nets were set up throughout the compound of the Man O' War Bay cottages in Charlotteville. They were opened at 06:00 and were closed at 11:00.

The banding was conducted by certified bird banders Carl Fitzjames and Daveka Boodram, both of whom were trained at the Klamath Bird Observatory in Oregon, USA. They were assisted in setting up nets and extracting birds by Kareena Anderson, Karl Philips, Rachel Boodoo and Jinella de Ramos. A close eye was kept on every bird to avoid any stress, since the welfare of each bird was the number-one priority. All birds were banded with a uniquely numbered aluminium leg band, which allows identification of each individual.

On Saturday and Sunday, several small groups of birders surveyed the area on foot and by car. Equipped with binoculars, spotting scopes, long-lens cameras, field guides and notebooks, team

members recorded birds by sight and sound along the Northside Road, Pigeon Peak trail, Flagstaff Road and within the village of Charlotteville.

On Saturday afternoon, a group headed out by boat on a three-hour trip to survey the St. Giles Islands, located off the northeast tip of Tobago.

Mammals

The mammal surveying was split into a bat survey and a camera-trap survey, with incidental sightings of mammals recorded by all groups.

Mike G. Rutherford set up seven camera traps at four sites. The cameras were a mix of Browning Strikeforce and Bushnell Trophy Cams with infrared flashes. They were all set to take three photos per triggering with a gap of 20 seconds between triggerings. Two cameras were placed alongside the trail heading up to Pigeon Peak, two were placed along the trail leading down from Flagstaff Hill to Charlotteville, two were placed beside the Campbleton River and one was placed on the trail heading north past Pirate's Bay. The first six cameras were put out on 23 October and collected on 25 October. The Pirate's Bay trail camera had been out since 20 August 2015 as part of another project, but as it was within the study area it was included in the Bioblitz. The cameras were collected on the Sunday morning, and the images were identified by Rondell Hamilton.

The bat team was led by Luke Rostant. On Saturday, they netted at the same site as the bird-banding group along the Starwood Trail, using four 12 x 2.6 metre ground nets and adding a triple high system with three 12 x 2.6 metre nets giving a total surface area of approximately 220 m². The nets were open from 18:00 to 22:00. On Sunday morning, they set up two 12-metre nets on the grounds of the Man O' War Bay cottages from 05:00 to 06:00. After the bats had been extracted from the nets, each individual was identified, weighed and measured before being released.

All equipment used for the mist netting was on loan from Trinibats.

Reptiles and Amphibians

This year the team split into two sub-groups, one led by John Murphy of the Field Museum, Chicago, with some fellow Americans and members of the TTFNC Herpetology Group, and the other led by Saiyaad Ali, with members of the Serpentarium (a Trinidad organisation whose mission is to enhance awareness and appreciation of all reptilian and amphibian species found in Trinidad and Tobago). The groups surveyed along the Pigeon Peak trail, Hermitage River, Flagstaff Hill trail, Pirate's Bay trail, along the roads in the survey area and around Charlotteville in general. Surveying was conducted day and night during the 24-hour period. Participants searched the vegetation and under rocks, logs and in the leaf litter during the day. At night they used torchlight for spotting nocturnally active species and conducted acoustic searches for calling frogs.

Some specimens were collected for further anatomical and molecular study.

Aquatic

The aquatic environments were surveyed by three groups, each focusing on a different habitat.

The divers of the aquatic team were led by Neil Cook, dive master at ERIC. Over the weekend, the nine divers covered sites from the shores of Charlotteville to the island of St. Giles in a series of day and night dives. Sites were chosen to maximize the variety of habitats—soft coral gardens, reef walls and current-swept reef slopes— and to maximise the number of species seen. Equipped with cameras, dive slates and sediment-sampling equipment, the divers recorded fish, invertebrates, marine plants and anything else they came across. A plankton tow was used to collect a sample from the waters near the eastern side of Man O' War Bay. This sample was later searched by use of a microscope back at base camp.

The nearshore aquatic group, led by Amy Deacon of UWI, started their survey at Pirate's Bay. They focused on coastal vegetation and rocky and sandy shoreline animals. Rocks and boulders were turned over to expose invertebrates, and sand cores were collected for sieving and further examination back at base camp. Near-shore snorkeling was conducted with cameras and dive slates to record species.

The freshwater team, led by Ryan Mohammed of UWI, surveyed six sites, including the lower reaches of Doctor River and Hermitage River as well as small streams and ditches around Charlotteville. Hand nets, small seine nets, cast nets and fish pots were all used to survey for fish and freshwater arthropods. Hand collecting was conducted for molluscs and small invertebrates.

Specimens were identified on site wherever possible, by use of expert knowledge, identification guides, and a portable digital microscope. Specimens that could not be identified on site were transported to the base camp in vials or other containers for examination with more powerful microscopes and where there was access to a wider range of literature and expertise. Literature used for identification included Humman & DeLoach *Reef Fish, Reef Creature and Reef Coral Identification - Florida Caribbean Bahamas* books for the marine organisms, Phillip's *et al.* 2013 paper for freshwater fish and Rostant's 2005 thesis for freshwater crustaceans.

Terrestrial Invertebrates

The wide variety of terrestrial invertebrates to be found in around Charlotteville meant that several independent groups needed to conduct separate surveys.

Lepidoptera

The Lepidoptera survey was led by Kris Sookdeo. The team started by hanging fruit-bait traps at several locations, including the gardens at the back of the base camp at ERIC and along the Flagstaff Hill road.

After Flagstaff, the group conducted a series of drive-and-stop surveys along Camden Road. At night, a light trap was set up in the forest above the base camp and switched on at about 19:00. Intermittent rain showers meant that the light trap was used only for a few hours. On Sunday morning, more rain meant that further surveying was very limited. The fruit-bait traps were retrieved on Sunday and the specimens identified.

The book *Butterflies of Trinidad and Tobago*, by Malcolm Barcant, was the main reference used for identification. Moths were identified with the help of on-line resources and by sending photos to Dr. Matthew J. W. Cock, retired from CAB International, U.K.

Vector Species

A group led by Raymond Martinez searched for larvae and adults of arthropods of medical and veterinary importance. They surveyed around Charlotteville and along the Pigeon Peak and Pirate's Bay trails. Methods for collecting adult mosquitoes included CDC light traps, human bait, and sweepnetting of vegetation and resting places. Immature stages of mosquitoes were collected from cut bamboo internodes, leaf axils of epiphytic and terrestrial bromeliads (*Aechmea aquilega* and *Aechmea dichlamydea*), flower bracts of *Heliconia bihai*, leaf axils of *Xanthosoma* sp., stream pools, artificial containers, cans and cisterns. Specimens were identified using a 40X dissecting microscope back at the base camp.

Molluscs

Mike G. Rutherford surveyed for terrestrial molluscs along the Pirate's Bay trail, Flagstaff Hill and around Charlotteville. Both live molluscs and empty shells were collected by hand from the vegetation; rocks and logs were turned over, and leaf litter was sifted. Other participants also brought molluscs back to the base camp for identification. The report *The Terrestrial Malacofauna of Trinidad and Tobago*, by David Robinson *et al.*, was used as the main guide for identification.

Social Insects

Christopher K. Starr looked for Hymenoptera (ants, bees, wasps, and allies) and Isoptera (termites) along the Pirate's Bay trail, the Flagstaff Hill trail and around the base camp. Surveying was conducted by visually searching for nests and individuals and by looking for popular host plants that attract hymenoptera. This sampling effort was supplemented by photos and specimens collected by other participants in the Bioblitz.

Arachnids

The arachnid group was led by Virmal Arjoonsingh and Rakesh Bhukal. To survey for spiders during the day, they conducted visual surveys and actively searched through vegetation using sweep nets. All specimens were collected by gently leading them into plastic vials, which were then taken to base camp for identification. To survey for scorpions and opiliones at night, the team used ultraviolet and regular torches and turned over rocks, logs and debris. The teams surveyed the Pigeon Peak trail, the Hermitage River area and around Charlotteville.

Myriapods

Shane Manchouck searched for centipedes and millipedes along the Pigeon Peak Trail, Flagstaff Hill, Pirate's Bay, Hermitage and around Charlotteville during both day- and nighttime. Methods including raking leaf litter, placing pitfall traps, and examining decaying matter were used to find specimens.

Late on Saturday, pitfall traps were set up along the Pirates Bay trail at intervals of approximately 100 metres. One trap was also set in the forested area near the base camp. These traps were set in different vegetation types and were left for a duration of about 10 hours, being collected early on Sunday morning.

Other Insects

A team of four searched together for a variety of insect orders: Avion Phillips and Brandon Mohammed looking for Mantodea (mantises), Phasmatodea (stick insects) and Blattodea (cockroaches); Salomia Seeram looking for Orthoptera (crickets and grasshoppers); and Carlos Rampersad searching for Hemiptera (bugs). The group walked the Pigeon Peak and Pirate's Bay trails and searched around Charlotteville. Leaf-litter samples were collected and brought back to base camp for further examination.

Karl Phillips (working mainly in the bird and bat groups) volunteered to identify beetle specimens.

Other Invertebrates

During the Bioblitz, participants in every group encountered a variety of invertebrates throughout the survey area. These organisms were either photographed or collected in plastic vials for later identification by the relevant expert at the base camp. These specimens included many different molluscs, insects, arachnids, crustaceans, myriapods and worms.

Fungi

Jeffrey Wong Sang led this group. This year, for the first time in a T&T Bioblitz, specimens were collected and preserved rather than just being photographed. Photos and specimens were then collated and identified to morphospecies during the Bioblitz, with some further identification carried out after the event. Other participants also contributed photographs of fungi.

For more information about the locations of the sites mentioned above, see Appendix 1.

Results and Discussion

Plants

A large number of vegetation communities were visited in the vicinity of the Charlotteville Bioblitz area, including lower montane forest (Pigeon Peak), licania/serrette forest, lowland rainforest (crappo/cabbage palm forest), semi-evergreen seasonal forest (sandbox/cogwood/hogplum forest), dry evergreen-littoral woodlands (seaside grape/manchineel thicket), deciduous seasonal forest (simaruba/silverthatch/dogroot thicket), young secondary forest, and secondary forest/former cocoa plantation and bamboo thicket. The xerophytic rainforest [balata/blue copper forest (on ultra-nafic soil)] was not reached because of lack of access points and lack of time. Gardens around the Man O' War Bay Cottages were also visited.

No endemics were found, and few rare species were noted. The uncommon palms *Prestoea acuminata* and *Coccothrinax barbadensis* (Silver Thatch Palm) were observed; however, not many individuals of the latter species were found, definitely fewer than expected. The tree ferns *Cyathea pungens* and *Cnemidaria spectabilis* were observed to be common on the summit of Pigeon Peak.

The natural vegetation communities visited are fragmented and much reduced from their natural extent but still represent interesting and valuable features of the natural heritage of Tobago.

The range of altitudes and rainfall gradients allow a concentration of many different vegetation communities in the small area around Charlotteville. A mix of management practices that left a mosaic of natural ecosystems, active agricultural ecosystems and abandoned agricultural ecosystems contributed to the high density of vegetation communities in the area of the Bioblitz.

Methods for rapidly observing plants and reducing the number of specimens that need to be collected increased the ability of the plant group to record the maximum number of species in the 24 hours of the Bioblitz. However, this method relies heavily on the knowledge in plant identification of a small group of people and in particular on Winston Johnson, recently retired from the National Herbarium of Trinidad and Tobago.

After the event, when tallies had been double checked, the final plant-group total was 327 species from 85 families.

Birds

Mist Netting

At the Starwood trail, 19 individuals of eight species were caught. The most common species caught were Ochre-bellied Flycatcher (6), Rufous-breasted Hermit (5), Copper-rumped Hummingbird (2) and Bananaquit (2), with one individual each of Fuscous Flycatcher, Palm Tanager, Red-eyed Vireo and Cocoa Woodcreeper. At the Man O' War Bay Cottages, 19 individuals of seven species were caught and tagged. The most common species caught were Copper-rumped Hummingbird (7), Bananaquit (4) and Rufous-breasted Hermit (3).

General Survey

The birders who conducted the area searches, as opposed to the mist netting, had much better luck in observing a higher diversity of species within the survey area. Some of the highlights for the area include the approachable Trinidad Motmots and Rufous-tailed Jacamars, which are much harder to see and photograph in Trinidad.

Some of the migrants encountered during this year's event included the common and widespread Northern Waterthrush and an exceedingly rare Cerulean Warbler, spotted by Faraaz Abdool. This species of warbler has been recorded from Trinidad & Tobago only twice previously, both single records from Trinidad's Northern Range. This was the first record for Tobago of this globally threatened species. This particular individual was sighted at the top of Flagstaff Hill at the crack of dawn for only a couple of minutes as it foraged for insects along the branches of several trees. Based on the plumage of the bird, it was concluded that this was a young male on his first migration south.

Some other interesting forest species found on Tobago but not Trinidad were also observed including the White-fringed Antwren, Blue-backed Manakin and probably the most famous hummingbird species of Tobago, the White-tailed Sabrewing, locally known as "Campy".

The group that headed out by boat to survey the St. Giles Islands, located off the northeast tip of Tobago, had to deal with rough seas but did record a range of species. These rocky islands are the northernmost point of Trinidad and Tobago and rival the Galapagos in terms of bird life. Rising only about 350 feet and spanning 72 acres, St. Giles represents one of the Caribbean's most important seabird breeding colonies. As well as the numerous Magnificent Frigatebirds, the team recorded Red-

footed Booby, Brown Booby, Brown Noddy, Red-billed Tropicbird and the regionally rare White-tailed Tropicbird.

A total of 75 species of birds from 35 families was seen or heard during the Bioblitz. This compares to 211 species from 56 families known from the whole of Tobago.

Mammals

Bats

At the Starwood Trail site, five species (84 individuals) were captured in the mist nets, the most common being Gervai's Fruit-eating Bat (42) followed by the Jamaican Fruit-eating Bat (19), then Seba's Short-tailed Bat (12) and the Little Yellow-shouldered Bat (10). One insectivorous species, the Lesser White-lined Bat, was captured, and the Little Big-eared Bat was observed in a roost.

At the Man O' War Bay Cottages site, four species (43 individuals) were captured, again dominated by the three most common fruit-eaters from the previous site. One addition, here was the Greater Long-tongued Bat.

In addition to the trapping undertaken during the Bioblitz, the team had a practice run on the Friday night before the event, started in the grounds of the Man O' War Bay cottages. They caught several species, including a single Geoffroy's Hairy-legged Bat, which was a new record for Tobago.

Trail Cameras

The cameras set up at Campbleton River and on the Pigeon Peak trail did not record any species of interest but did highlight some environmental issues with feral cats, and an individual hunting iguanas was recorded. The camera on the Pirate's Bay trail had sightings of Red-rumped Agouti and Nine-banded Armadillo and many images of small rodents; these were generally unidentifiable to species level. The highlight of the camera trapping came from the top of Flagstaff Hill, where a pair of Crab-eating Raccoons were photographed; although they are known to be in the area, confirmed sightings are rare.

Other Sightings

One member of the birding team photographed a tree rat near the site of the mist netting on Flagstaff Hill; this was later identified as a Brazilian Spiny Tree-rat. In addition, members of the dive team spotted several Bottlenose Dolphins on the edge of Man O' War Bay.

All together, 17 species of mammals from ten families were recorded. Eight species were bats, which represents one third of the bat species recorded previously in Tobago (24 species in total). Of the rest of the mammals, eight were terrestrial non-volant species; in Tobago there are records of 16 species of non-volant mammals so finding half of them during the Bioblitz was a great result.

Reptiles and Amphibians

The Bioblitz produced some significant amphibian and reptile specimens as well as interesting natural history observations. The herpetology team found representatives of about half of the species known from Tobago.

Many frogs were observed despite the lack of rain prior to the event. The Tobago Glass Frog is probably the most important amphibian in terms of Tobago ecotourism; several of these were heard calling alongside streams.

Tobago has three described species of frogs in the genus *Pristimantis*, all of which were observed or collected, as well as a tiny fourth species that appears to be undescribed. The presence of an undescribed *Pristimantis* on Tobago is not too surprising given the number of species found in the Venezuelan Coastal Range.

12 of the 13 lizard species observed were the most common: the Green Iguana, the Matte, the Zandolie, the Giant Crown Anole and others. However, the big surprise was a lizard never before reported from Tobago—the Tiger Anole. This tiny lizard is a Venezuelan Coastal Range species that uses the tips of the smallest branches to hunt for food. The individual observed was hunting wasps. No species of these twig anoles has been previously reported from Trinidad or Tobago. The individual was collected and deposited in the UWIZM, and tissue samples were taken and sent for analysis to confirm identification.

Eight boa constrictors were counted on the roads; most had been run over by cars. This common species is an important snake on Tobago because it is the apex predator and a partial solution to the serious feral cat and dog problem. Two specimens of the Lineated Worm Snake, a Trinidad and Tobago endemic, were captured during the Bioblitz; one was saved, and we collected tissue for molecular analysis. There are only a handful of previous records of this species, with one from the Arima Valley of Trinidad and the rest from Tobago. Observations suggest that it likes mature forests and uses decomposing logs with ant and termite nests. An even more uncommon species was also found, the Tobago Ground Snake, previously known only in Tobago from one specimen collected in 1978. While it is known from Colombia and Venezuela, no other Tobago specimens had been collected until the Bioblitz. Scale counts suggest that the Tobago population is most likely distinct from the mainland forms. Unfortunately, the specimen was found dead in a drain and had partially decomposed, meaning that tissue samples were not viable.

Two marine turtle species were observed by the aquatic group in Man O' War Bay; both the Hawksbill and the Green are well known in the area but do face pressure from illegal harvesting of both adults and eggs.

Overall, it was a very fruitful event for the herpetologists. For the amphibians there were sightings of 13 species from six families, which was over four-fifths of the known frog species for Tobago. For the reptiles there were 28 species from 12 families, broken down into 13 snakes, 13 lizards and two turtles. This accounted for more than half of the 23 known snake species, about two-thirds of the 19 known lizard species (not including the new Tiger Anole record) and two-fifths of the five known marine turtles recorded from Tobago previously.

Aquatic

The divers had a busy but very productive time recording a wide variety of organisms and collecting samples for further analysis at base camp. Stand-out sightings included a small pod of Bottlenose

Dolphins (seen both from the boat and underwater), a rarely seen Longsnout Seahorse coiled around a coral, both Variegated and Lesser Electric Rays and unfurled Basket Stars on the night dive, and a critically endangered Hawksbill Turtle.

The team also spotted patches of diseased coral and the effects of past coral bleaching at the Landslide dive site. Invasive species were noted, with more than 20 Red Lionfish being seen at various dive sites; many of these were collected by use of a pole spear (and then cooked and eaten for lunch!). Orange Cup Corals were found thriving at the Iguana Bay site; a native of the Indo-Pacific region, this species has been spreading around the Caribbean since the 1940s.

The nearshore team were also productive, noting many shallow-water, intertidal and rocky-shore organisms. These included many cryptic species that took a trained eye to find, such as the Marbled and West Indian Green Chitons, a Black-rib Limpet and the swimming crabs that buried themselves in the sand; several of these specimens were brought back alive for display in an aquarium at the base camp.

The freshwater group covered a lot of ground, sampling all of the major rivers and streams in the survey area. At Hermitage River, two species of invasive aquatic snails—the Red-rimmed Melania and Quilted Melania—were noted in high numbers. The most abundant fish species was the Mountain Mullet. Two freshwater crustaceans—the Bigclaw River Shrimp and the Stream Shrimp—were also recorded. The night deployment of the fish pot at this site (between 20:00 and 21:00) captured a single American Eel. This was a significant discovery as the last time this species was detected in Tobago was 20 years ago, in 1997, during a survey by Dawn Phillip.

At the opposite extreme of the boundaries of the Bioblitz survey area, the team visited Doctor's River. Here, similar species were noted, with two exceptions: the Swamp Eel (local name: zangee), which is similar in form to the American Eel but only distantly related, and a Marine Snapper in the blocked river mouth. Upstream, two large Manicou Crabs were noted.

Back in Charlotteville, smaller sites were sampled by walking along the streams. Here the team found that the water quality was impacted by domestic wastewater discharge and garbage.

All in all, the Aquatic Group had its most species-rich Bioblitz so far, with a total on the day of 361 organisms representing around one third of the total Bioblitz result.

Terrestrial Invertebrates

Lepidoptera

The Lepidoptera team had a tough time in Tobago, as butterfly and moth activity was generally much lower than during any of the previous Bioblitzes. This was mainly the result of the wet weather that preceded the event and continued on Saturday night and Sunday morning.

Surveying at the top of Flagstaff Hill was poor but improved when the group stopped at a cattle pasture in one of the minor roads off the main road, where several clumps of black sage attracted a few species.

Although the number of species was fairly low, there were some important individual sightings, with observations of three new moth species for Tobago – a male *Correbidia notate* (Arctiidae), a *Mocis diffluens* (Erebidae) and a specimen from the subfamily Spilomeninae (Crambidae). Unfortunately,

these moths, which were all caught in the moth trap, were only photographed and not collected, so the exact identification of the latter species cannot be made.

In all, 19 species of butterflies from four families and 26 species of moths from 10 families were recorded for a total of 45 species from 14 families.

Social Insects

No unexpected species were found during the survey. Termites were abundant, with *Nasutitermes corniger* accounting for the majority (60%) of nests recorded in a section of forest along the Pirate's Bay trail. Altogether 12 species of Hymenoptera from four families and three species of termites from one family were recorded, all of which had been recorded previously in Tobago.

Vector Species

A total of 15 species of mosquitoes, one sand fly and one tick were collected. These included two well-known disease spreading mosquitos—*Aedes aegypti*, the yellow fever mosquito and *Culex nigripalpus*, the Florida Saint Louis encephalitis (SLE) mosquito. All species had been recorded in Tobago during past surveys.

Molluscs

A wide range of terrestrial molluscs were found. Among these, two were slugs, both of which are potential crop pests and likely to have been introduced rather than native. Another introduced and potentially problematic species was the Jumping Snail. Only recently recorded for Tobago, this snail is originally from Southeast Asia and can feed on orchids and other horticultural plants. Three other species of snails, *Leptinaria unilamellata*, *Subulina octona* and *Tamayoa decolorata*, are widespread throughout the tropics and were likely introduced to Tobago. The largest species encountered was *Plekocheilus glaber* (about 4 cm long); shells of this species were found clustered together at many sites, a result of being smashed open on rock anvils by the Trinidad Motmot. Of most interest was *Drymaeus rawsoni*, a Tobago endemic not often encountered as it spends most of its life high up in the trees. In total, 11 species from 10 families were noted. This compares to a total of 36 species from 21 families reported for Tobago previously.

Arachnids

Surprisingly, by the end of the survey no scorpions had been observed by the arachnid team, much to their dismay. However, a single specimen was collected by Avion Phillips while surveying for insects. This specimen was identified as a female *Tityus trinitatis*, which is endemic to Trinidad and Tobago and is also the most venomous scorpion in all of the West Indies.

The collected spiders and opiliones were grouped to morphospecies level for the final result, a total of 11 species. After the event, these specimens, along with some others collected by the rest of the team, were preserved and taken back to the UWIZM for further examination. Jo-Anne Sewlal identified many of them to family, genus or species level. Along with photographs taken of live specimens and some ticks collected by the Vector Species team, this brought the total arachnid count to 26 species from 18 families.

Myriapods

A diverse range of myriapods were found during the survey. Largest was a giant centipede, about 18 cm long, which was observed scurrying along a riverbed. It disappeared into soft soil of the riverbank before it could be captured, so identification was possible only to genus level (*Scolopendra* sp.). Next was a single extremely long-legged House Centipede found in Charlotteville. Smaller but more numerous species included the regionally widespread Yellow-banded Millipede.

The pitfall traps, whilst successful in capturing various types of arachnids and insects, did not provide any myriapods. Most specimens were collected and observed along and off the Pigeon Peak trail; this may have resulted from its less disturbed and cultivated state compared to that of other sites. The recently discovered species *Pandirodesmus rutherfordi* was collected in leaf litter on the Pigeon Peak trail.

A total of 12 species were reported at the end of the Bioblitz; this total increased to 16 species (11 millipedes, five centipedes) after further examination of specimens at the UWIZM.

Other Insects

The general insects team collected and observed a variety of specimens including four species of cockroaches, 14 beetles, six true bugs, four mantids, two stick insects and 11 grasshoppers, katydids and crickets. Many specimens could be identified further only by comparison with specimens in the UWIZM, to which the new specimens were added.

Other Invertebrates

Several other invertebrates that were not the focus of any one person were collected during the Bioblitz by members of different groups. These included two species of terrestrial flatworms, noticed because of their large size (approximately 8 cm long) and bright colouring.

Fungi

The fungi group found, photographed and, for the first time in a T&T Bioblitz, collected many different specimens, but because of the lack of taxonomic expertise, these could be identified only to morphospecies level during the Bioblitz. After the Bioblitz, the photographs were studied by Mike Rutherford, but many of these could not be identified beyond Order level. The final count at the Bioblitz was 30 morphospecies, but no further details were provided after the event, so the final species list in this report is limited to those specimens for which photographs were passed to the organisers.

One fungus was identified to species, eight to genus level, seven to family level, and 14 to morphospecies.

For a full list of all species recorded see Appendix 2.

Public Participation

On Sunday morning between 09:00 and 12:00, several families and individuals from the local community and from the rest of Tobago visited the base camp and took the opportunity to interact with the surveying teams. Unfortunately, the heavy rain that morning meant that the guided walks and snorkeling tours had to be cancelled; however, other outside activities, such as the demonstration of bird netting in the gardens at Man O' War Bay cottages, still went ahead.

At the base camp were displays of fruits, seeds and other forest products by Dan Jaggernaut from the TTFNC, preserved animals from the UWIZM, live marine and freshwater animals in two aquaria set up by Ryan Mohammed and several terrariums from the Serpentarium containing a variety of reptiles and amphibians, all found during the surveying. Highlights included a young Boa Constrictor, Doctor snakes and several of the locally endemic frog species. Microscopes were available for people to use to view plankton and other marine specimens. Children enjoyed taking part in the colouring-in competition run by Amy Deacon.

Overall, the response from the public was very positive, with many visitors enquiring how they could learn more about the local biodiversity.

Conclusion

The number of species announced at the conclusion of the Bioblitz was 252 vertebrates (75 birds, 17 mammals, 27 reptiles, 13 amphibians, and 120 fish), 319 invertebrates (32 crustaceans, 10 echinoderms, 53 cnidarians, 27 plankton, 50 molluscs, 4 sponges, 2 tunicates, 6 annelids, 12 arachnids, 12 myriapods, and 109 insects), 30 fungi, 4 single-celled organisms (bacteria diatoms, etc.), and 367 plants (including 23 algae and 344 terrestrial species) for a total of 972 species found in the Charlotteville area.

After the Bioblitz, several groups continued to analyse their results and identify specimens and photographs, so some of the totals changed. This resulted in the following final counts:

Vertebrates – 246 (75 birds, 17 mammals, 28 reptiles, 13 amphibians, and 113 fish)

Invertebrates – 410 (45 crustaceans, 26 arachnids, 16 myriapods, 122 insects, 16 echinoderms, 59 cnidarians, 68 molluscs, 18 sponges, 6 tunicates, 20 annelids, and 14 minor phyla)

Plants – 358 (327 terrestrial species, 28 algae, 2 diatoms, and 1 coccolithophore)

Fungus – 30

Grand Total = 1044 species

The first-ever Tobago Bioblitz was a great success for most groups, in particular because of the first records for Tobago of several species of mammals, birds and reptiles and the wide diversity of marine organisms. However, the diversity of terrestrial invertebrates recorded was much lower than hoped for, partly a result of the poor weather but also because of lack of experts in certain species groups. Public participation levels were less than hoped for, but again the weather played a part in keeping

people away. Lessons for future Bioblitz events are once again to try to encourage interest in the less popular species groups and to promote the event more widely.

For more details and photographs of the event see the TTFNC magazine *The Field Naturalist Quarterly Bulletin* 2015/4 at <http://tffnc.org/photojournals/2015-4.pdf>

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Fungus Group

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Appendix 1 - Location of the survey and the main sampling sites



Red circle is the 5 km-radius extent of the sampling area for the Bioblitz.

Site Name	#	Decimal Latitude and Longitude	Altitude(m)
Base camp - ERIC	1	11.319°, -60.552°	18
Doctor's River	2	11.304°, -60.533°	24
Hermitage River	3	11.314°, -60.575°	32
Flagstaff Hill	4	11.329°, -60.539°	344
Pigeon Peak	5	11.305°, -60.548°	497
Man O' War Bay	6	11.32°, -60.56°	0
Pirate's Bay	7	11.329°, -60.549°	0
Landslide (dive site)	8	11.335°, -60.557°	0
Iguana Bay (dive site)	9	11.341°, -60.537°	0
St. Giles (dive site)	10	11.353°, -60.528°	0

Appendix 2 - Species Lists

Notes:

- In Location, if no specific information was provided by the survey team, then Charlotteville was used as default. This could mean that the species was found anywhere within the 5-km-radius circle
- Although every effort was taken to confirm the identity of species, in certain invertebrate groups caution must be taken as an expert opinion was not available
- Where the species name is followed by a "?" or represented by "Sp. A", etc., the species was identified only to genus, family, or order level
- Specimens collected by some groups were deposited in the University of the West Indies Zoology Museum, St. Augustine, Trinidad, under accession number UWIZM.2015.22; for further details, refer to the museum database

Birds – 75 species from 35 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
Broad-winged Hawk	<i>Buteo platypterus antillarum</i>	Accipitridae	Charlotteville
Great Black Hawk	<i>Buteogallus urubitinga urubitinga</i>	Accipitridae	Charlotteville
Black-bellied Whistling-Duck	<i>Dendrocygna autumnalis discolor</i>	Anatidae	Charlotteville
Short-tailed Swift	<i>Chaetura brachyura</i>	Apodidae	Charlotteville
Green Heron	<i>Butorides virescens virescens</i>	Ardeidae	Charlotteville
Little Blue Heron	<i>Egretta caerulea</i>	Ardeidae	Charlotteville
Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>	Ardeidae	Charlotteville
Yellow-crowned Night-Heron	<i>Nyctanassa violacea cayennensis</i>	Ardeidae	Charlotteville
Black-crowned Night-Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax hoactli</i>	Ardeidae	Charlotteville
White-tailed Nightjar	<i>Hydrosalis cayennensis</i>	Caprimulgidae	Charlotteville
Semipalmated Plover	<i>Charadrius semipalmatus</i>	Charadriidae	Charlotteville
Southern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus chilensis cayennensis</i>	Charadriidae	Charlotteville
Feral Rock Pigeon	<i>Columba livia domestica</i>	Columbidae	Charlotteville
Ruddy Ground Dove	<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>	Columbidae	Charlotteville
White-tipped Dove	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>	Columbidae	Charlotteville
Pale-vented Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas cayennensis</i>	Columbidae	Charlotteville
Scaly-naped Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas squamosa</i>	Columbidae	Charlotteville
Eared Dove	<i>Zenaida auriculata</i>	Columbidae	Charlotteville
Rufous-vented Chachalaca	<i>Ortalis ruficauda</i>	Cracidae	Charlotteville
Yellow-billed Cuckoo	<i>Coccyzus americanus</i>	Cuculidae	Charlotteville
Smooth-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga ani</i>	Cuculidae	Charlotteville
Magnificent Frigatebird	<i>Fregata magnificens</i>	Fregatidae	Charlotteville

Violaceous Euphonia	<i>Euphonia violacea</i>	Fringillidae	Charlottesville
Olivaceous Woodcreeper	<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>	Furnariidae	Charlottesville
Cocoa Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus susurrans</i>	Furnariidae	Charlottesville
Rufous-tailed Jacamar	<i>Galbula ruficauda</i>	Galbulidae	Charlottesville
Caribbean Martin	<i>Progne dominicensis</i>	Hirundinidae	Charlottesville
Shiny Cowbird	<i>Molothrus bonariensis</i>	Icteridae	Charlottesville
Giant Cowbird	<i>Molothrus oryzivorus</i>	Icteridae	Charlottesville
Carib Grackle	<i>Quiscalus lugubris</i>	Icteridae	Charlottesville
Brown Noddy	<i>Anous stolidus stolidus</i>	Laridae	Charlottesville
Tern	Sp. A	Laridae	Charlottesville
Tropical Mockingbird	<i>Mimus gilvus</i>	Mimidae	Charlottesville
Trinidad Motmot	<i>Momotus bahamensis</i>	Momotidae	Charlottesville
Common Potoo	<i>Nyctibius griseus</i>	Nyctibiidae	Charlottesville
Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	Pandionidae	Charlottesville
Northern Waterthrush	<i>Parkesia noveboracensis</i>	Parulidae	Charlottesville
Cerulean Warbler	<i>Setophaga cerulea</i>	Parulidae	Charlottesville
Brown Pelican	<i>Pelecanus occidentalis occidentalis</i>	Pelecanidae	Charlottesville
Red-billed Tropicbird	<i>Phaethon aethereus mesonauta</i>	Phaethontidae	Charlottesville
White-tailed Tropicbird	<i>Phaethon lepturus catesbyi</i>	Phaethontidae	Charlottesville
Golden-olive Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes rubiginosus</i>	Picidae	Charlottesville
Red-crowned Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes rubricapillus rubricapillus</i>	Picidae	Charlottesville
Blue-backed Manakin	<i>Chiroxiphia pareola</i>	Pipridae	Charlottesville
Orange-winged Parrot	<i>Amazona amazonica</i>	Psittacidae	Charlottesville
Green-rumped Parrotlet	<i>Forpus passerinus</i>	Psittacidae	Charlottesville
Brown Booby	<i>Sula leucogaster leucogaster</i>	Sulidae	Charlottesville
Red-footed Booby	<i>Sula sula sula</i>	Sulidae	Charlottesville
Plain Antvireo	<i>Dysithamnus mentalis</i>	Thamnophilidae	Charlottesville
Barred Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus doliatus tobagensis</i>	Thamnophilidae	Charlottesville
Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola luteola</i>	Thraupidae	Charlottesville
Red-legged Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes cyaneus</i>	Thraupidae	Charlottesville
White-lined Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus rufus</i>	Thraupidae	Charlottesville
Blue-grey Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus berlepschi</i>	Thraupidae	Charlottesville
Palm Tanager	<i>Thraupis palmarum</i>	Thraupidae	Charlottesville
Black-faced Grassquit	<i>Tiaris bicolor</i>	Thraupidae	Charlottesville
Copper-rumped Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia tobaci tobaci</i>	Trochilidae	Charlottesville
White-tailed Sabrewing	<i>Campylopterus ensipennis</i>	Trochilidae	Charlottesville
White-Necked Jacobin	<i>Florisuga mellivora mellivora</i>	Trochilidae	Charlottesville
Rufous-breasted Hermit	<i>Glaucis hirsutus insularum</i>	Trochilidae	Charlottesville
House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>	Troglodytidae	Charlottesville

Collared Trogon	<i>Trogon collaris</i>	Trogonidae	Charlottesville
White-necked Thrush	<i>Turdus albicollis</i>	Turdidae	Charlottesville
Yellow-legged Thrush	<i>Turdus flavipes</i>	Turdidae	Charlottesville
Spectacled Thrush	<i>Turdus nudigenis</i>	Turdidae	Charlottesville
Fuscous Flycatcher	<i>Cnemotriccus fuscatus</i>	Tyrannidae	Charlottesville
Yellow-bellied Elaenia	<i>Elaenia flavogaster</i>	Tyrannidae	Charlottesville
Ochre-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes oleagineus</i>	Tyrannidae	Charlottesville
Brown-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tyrannulus</i>	Tyrannidae	Charlottesville
Venezuelan Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus venezuelensis</i>	Tyrannidae	Charlottesville
Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>	Tyrannidae	Charlottesville
Yellow-breasted Flycatcher	<i>Tolmomyias flaviventris</i>	Tyrannidae	Charlottesville
Gray Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus dominicensis vorax</i>	Tyrannidae	Charlottesville
Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>	Tyrannidae	Charlottesville
Red-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo olivaceus</i>	Vireonidae	Charlottesville

Mammals – 17 species from 10 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
Nine-banded Armadillo	<i>Dasyus novemcinctus</i>	Dasyopodidae	Flagstaff Hill
Red-rumped Agouti	<i>Dasyprocta leporina</i>	Dasyproctidae	Charlottesville
Bottlenose Dolphin	<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	Delphinidae	Man O' War Bay
Common Opossum	<i>Didelphis marsupialis</i>	Didelphidae	Charlottesville
Robinson's Mouse Opossum	<i>Marmosa robinsoni</i>	Didelphidae	Hermitage River
Brazilian Spiny Tree-rat	<i>Makalata didelphoides</i>	Echimyidae	Charlottesville
Lesser White-lined Bat	<i>Saccopteryx leptura</i>	Emballonuridae	Charlottesville
Trinidad Spiny Pocket Mouse	<i>Heteromys anomalus</i>	Heteromyidae	Charlottesville
Geoffroy's Hairy-legged Bat	<i>Anoura geoffroyi</i>	Phyllostomidae	Charlottesville
Gervai's Fruit-eating Bat	<i>Artibeus cinereus</i>	Phyllostomidae	Charlottesville
Jamaican Fruit-eating Bat	<i>Artibeus jamaicensis</i>	Phyllostomidae	Charlottesville
Seba's Short-tailed Bat	<i>Carollia perspicillata</i>	Phyllostomidae	Charlottesville
Greater Long-tongued Bat	<i>Glossophaga longirostris</i>	Phyllostomidae	Charlottesville
Little Big-eared Bat	<i>Micronycteris megalotis</i>	Phyllostomidae	Charlottesville
Little Yellow-shouldered Bat	<i>Sturnira lilium</i>	Phyllostomidae	Charlottesville
Crab-eating Raccoon	<i>Procyon cancrivorus</i>	Procyonidae	Flagstaff Hill
Red-tailed Squirrel	<i>Sciurus granatensis</i>	Sciuridae	Charlottesville

Reptiles - 28 species from 12 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
Macajuel	<i>Boa constrictor</i>	Boidae	Charlottesville
Ruschenberger's Treeboa	<i>Corallus ruschenbergerii</i>	Boidae	Charlottesville
Green Turtle	<i>Chelonia mydas</i>	Cheloniidae	Man O' War Bay
Hawksbill Turtle	<i>Eretmochelys imbricata</i>	Cheloniidae	Man O' War Bay
Oliver's Parrot Snake	<i>Leptophis coeruleodorsus</i>	Colubridae	Charlottesville
Tobago Racer	<i>Mastigodryas dunnii</i>	Colubridae	Charlottesville

Brown Vine Snake	<i>Oxybelis aeneus</i>	Colubridae	Charlottesville
Gray's Speckled Anole	<i>Anolis aeneus</i>	Dactyloidae	Charlottesville
Giant Crown Anole	<i>Anolis richardii</i>	Dactyloidae	Charlottesville
Tiger Anole	<i>Anolis cf. tigrinus</i>	Dactyloidae	Charlottesville
Three-lined Ground Snake	<i>Atractus trilineatus</i>	Dipsadidae	Charlottesville
Tobago Ground Snake	<i>Atractus fuliginosa</i>	Dipsadidae	Charlottesville
Shaw's Black-backed Snake	<i>Erythrolamprus melanotus nesos</i>	Dipsadidae	Charlottesville
Cat-eyed Snake	<i>Leptodeira annulata ashmeadi</i>	Dipsadidae	Charlottesville
Coffee Snake	<i>Ninia atrata</i>	Dipsadidae	Charlottesville
Ratonel	<i>Pseudoboa newwiedii</i>	Dipsadidae	Charlottesville
Slug-eating Snake	<i>Sibon nebulata</i>	Dipsadidae	Charlottesville
House Gecko	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i>	Gekkonidae	Charlottesville
Turnip-tailed Gecko	<i>Thecadactylus rapicauda</i>	Gekkonidae	Charlottesville
Tobago Hex-scaled Bachia	<i>Bachia</i> sp.	Gymnophthalmidae	Charlottesville
Underwood's Spectacled Tegu	<i>Gymnophthalmus underwoodi</i>	Gymnophthalmidae	Charlottesville
Green Iguana	<i>Iguana iguana</i>	Iguanidae	Charlottesville
Greater Windward Skink	<i>Copeoglossum aurae</i>	Scincidae	Charlottesville
Ocellated Gecko	<i>Gonatodes ocellatus</i>	Sphaerodactylidae	Charlottesville
Streak Lizard	<i>Gonatodes vittatus</i>	Sphaerodactylidae	Charlottesville
Zandolie	<i>Ameiva atrigularis</i>	Teiidae	Charlottesville
Tegu/Matte	<i>Tupinambis teguixin</i>	Teiidae	Charlottesville
Lineated Worm Snake	<i>Amerotyphlops trinitatus</i>	Typhlopidae	Charlottesville

Amphibians – 13 species from 6 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
Tobago Stream Frog	<i>Mannophryne olmonae</i>	Aromobatidae	Charlottesville
Marine Toad	<i>Rhinella marina</i>	Bufonidae	Charlottesville
Tobago Glass Frog	<i>Hyalinobatrachium orientale tobagense</i>	Centrolenidae	Charlottesville
Johnstone's Litter Frog	<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i>	Eleutherodactylidae	Charlottesville
Charlottesville Litter Frog	<i>Pristimantis charlottevillensis</i>	Strabomantidae	Charlottesville
new species of frog	<i>Pristimantis</i> sp.	Strabomantidae	Charlottesville
Turpin's Litter Frog	<i>Pristimantis turpinorum</i>	Strabomantidae	Charlottesville
Urich's Litter Frog	<i>Pristimantis urichi</i>	Strabomantidae	Charlottesville
Rattle-voice Tree Frog	<i>Boana crepitans</i>	Hylidae	Charlottesville
Minute Tree Frog	<i>Dendropsophus goughi</i>	Hylidae	Charlottesville
Lesser Brown Tree Frog	<i>Scinax ruber</i>	Hylidae	Charlottesville
Whistling Frog	<i>Leptodactylus fuscus</i>	Leptodactylidae	Charlottesville
Garman's Thin-toed Frog	<i>Leptodactylus validus</i>	Leptodactylidae	Charlottesville

Fish - 113 species from 48 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
Doctorfish	<i>Acanthurus chirurgus</i>	Acanthuridae	Landslide
Blue Tang	<i>Acanthurus coeruleus</i>	Acanthuridae	Landslide
Ocean Surgeonfish	<i>Acanthurus tractus</i>	Acanthuridae	Landslide
Atlantic Eel	<i>Anguilla rostrata</i>	Anguillidae	Hermitage River
Trumpetfish	<i>Aulostomus maculatus</i>	Aulostomidae	Man O' War Bay
Queen Triggerfish	<i>Balistes vetula</i>	Balistidae	Man O' War Bay
Black Durgon	<i>Melichthys niger</i>	Balistidae	St. Giles
Redlip Blenny	<i>Ophioblennius macclurei</i>	Blenniidae	Man O' War Bay
Peacock Flounder	<i>Bothus mancus</i>	Bothidae	Man O' War Bay
Twospot Flounder	<i>Bothus robinsi</i>	Bothidae	Man O' War Bay
African Pompano	<i>Alectis pompano</i>	Carangidae	Landslide
Yellow Jack	<i>Carangoides bartholomaei</i>	Carangidae	Man O' War Bay
Blue Runner	<i>Caranx crysos</i>	Carangidae	Man O' War Bay
Crevalle Jack	<i>Caranx hippos</i>	Carangidae	Man O' War Bay
Bar Jack	<i>Caranx ruber</i>	Carangidae	Pirate's Bay
Roughear Scad	<i>Decapterus tabi</i>	Carangidae	Man O' War Bay
White Trevally	<i>Pseudocaranx dentex</i>	Carangidae	Man O' War Bay
Palometa	<i>Trachinotus goodei</i>	Carangidae	Pirate's Bay
Speckled Blenny	<i>Acanthemblemaria betinensis</i>	Chaenopsidae	Pirate's Bay
Foureye Butterflyfish	<i>Chaetodon capistratus</i>	Chaetodontidae	Landslide
Reef Butterflyfish	<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	Chaetodontidae	Landslide
Banded Butterflyfish	<i>Chaetodon striatus</i>	Chaetodontidae	Landslide
Longsnout Butterflyfish	<i>Prognathodes aculeatus</i>	Chaetodontidae	St. Giles
Redspotted Hawkfish	<i>Amblycirrhitus pinos</i>	Cirrhitidae	Man O' War Bay
Scaled Sardine	<i>Harengula jaguana</i>	Clupeidae	Pirate's Bay
Southern Stingray	<i>Dasyatis americana</i>	Dasyatidae	Man O' War Bay
Longspined Porcupinefish	<i>Diodon holocanthus</i>	Diodontidae	Man O' War Bay
Spot-fin Porcupinefish	<i>Diodon hystrix</i>	Diodontidae	Man O' War Bay
Spiny-cheek Sleeper Goby	<i>Eleotris pisonis</i>	Eleotridae	Hermitage
Bigmouth Sleeper Goby	<i>Gobiomorus dormitor</i>	Eleotridae	Doctor's River
Bluespotted Cornetfish	<i>Fistularia tabacaria</i>	Fistulariidae	Man O' War Bay
Yellowfin Mojarra	<i>Gerres cinereus</i>	Gerreidae	Pirate's Bay
River Goby	<i>Awaous banana</i>	Gobiidae	Doctor's River
Patch-reef Goby	<i>Coryphopterus tortugae</i>	Gobiidae	Man O' War Bay
Sharknose Goby	<i>Elacatinus evelynae</i>	Gobiidae	Man O' War Bay
Spotted Algae-eating Goby	<i>Sicydium punctata</i>	Gobiidae	Man O' War Bay
Black Margate	<i>Anisotremus surinamensis</i>	Haemulidae	Pirate's Bay
Porkfish	<i>Anisotremus virginicus</i>	Haemulidae	Man O' War Bay
Barred Grunt	<i>Conodon nobilis</i>	Haemulidae	Man O' War Bay
Caesar Grunt	<i>Haemulon carbonarium</i>	Haemulidae	Man O' War Bay
Smallmouth Grunt	<i>Haemulon chrysargyreum</i>	Haemulidae	Man O' War Bay

French Grunt	<i>Haemulon flavolineatum</i>	Haemulidae	Man O' War Bay
Cottonwick Grunt	<i>Haemulon melanurum</i>	Haemulidae	Man O' War Bay
White Grunt	<i>Haemulon plumierii</i>	Haemulidae	Man O' War Bay
Bluestriped Grunt	<i>Haemulon sciurus</i>	Haemulidae	Man O' War Bay
Ballyhoo	<i>Hemiramphus brasiliensis</i>	Hemiramphidae	Pirate's Bay
Squirrelfish	<i>Holocentrus adscensionis</i>	Holocentridae	Man O' War Bay
Longspine Squirrelfish	<i>Holocentrus rufus</i>	Holocentridae	Man O' War Bay
Blackbar Soldierfish	<i>Myripristis jacobus</i>	Holocentridae	Man O' War Bay
Blue Sea Chub	<i>Kyphosus cinerascens</i>	Kyphosidae	Man O' War Bay
Yellow Sea Chub	<i>Kyphosus incisor</i>	Kyphosidae	St. Giles
Spanish Hogfish	<i>Bodianus rufus</i>	Labridae	Man O' War Bay
Creole Wrasse	<i>Clepticus parrae</i>	Labridae	Man O' War Bay
Slippery Dick	<i>Halichoeres bivittatus</i>	Labridae	Man O' War Bay
Yellow-cheek Wrasse	<i>Halichoeres cyanocephalus</i>	Labridae	Man O' War Bay
Yellow-head Wrasse	<i>Halichoeres garnoti</i>	Labridae	Man O' War Bay
Clown Wrasse	<i>Halichoeres maculipinna</i>	Labridae	Man O' War Bay
Bluehead Wrasse	<i>Thalassoma bifasciatum</i>	Labridae	Landslide
Rosy Razorfish	<i>Xyrichtys martinicensis</i>	Labridae	Man O' War Bay
Dusky Blenny	<i>Malacoctenus gilli</i>	Labrisomidae	Pirate's Bay
Grey Snapper	<i>Lutjanus griseus</i>	Lutjanidae	Doctor's River
Lane Snapper	<i>Lutjanus synagris</i>	Lutjanidae	Pirate's Bay
Sand Tilefish	<i>Malacanthus plumieri</i>	Malacanthidae	Iguana Bay
Atlantic Tarpon	<i>Megalops atlanticus</i>	Megalopidae	St. Giles
Scrawled Filefish	<i>Aluterus scriptus</i>	Monacanthidae	Man O' War Bay
White-spotted Filefish	<i>Cantherhines macrocerus</i>	Monacanthidae	Man O' War Bay
Orange-spotted Filefish	<i>Cantherhines pullus</i>	Monacanthidae	Man O' War Bay
Mountain Mullet	<i>Agonostomus monticola</i>	Mugilidae	Hermitage River
Yellow Goatfish	<i>Mulloidichthys martinicus</i>	Mullidae	Man O' War Bay
Red Goatfish	<i>Mullus auratus</i>	Mullidae	Man O' War Bay
Spotted Moray	<i>Gymnothorax moringa</i>	Muraenidae	Man O' War Bay
Reticulate Moray	<i>Muraena retifera</i>	Muraenidae	Man O' War Bay
Variiegated Electric Ray	<i>Diplobatis pictus</i>	Narcinidae	Pirate's Bay
Lesser Electric Ray	<i>Narcine bancroftii</i>	Narcinidae	Pirate's Bay
Sharptail Snake-eel	<i>Myrichthys breviceps</i>	Ophichthidae	Landslide
Jawfish	<i>Opistognathus sp.</i>	Opistognathidae	Man O' War Bay
Honeycomb Cowfish	<i>Acanthostracion polygonius</i>	Ostraciidae	Man O' War Bay
Smooth Trunkfish	<i>Lactophrys triqueter</i>	Ostraciidae	Landslide
Spotted Trunkfish	<i>Lactophrys bicaudalis</i>	Ostraciidae	Landslide
Dusky Flounder	<i>Syacium papillosum</i>	Paralichthyidae	Man O' War Bay
Guppy	<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	Poeciliidae	Doctor's River
Queen Angelfish	<i>Holacanthus ciliaris</i>	Pomacanthidae	Iguana Bay
Rock Beauty	<i>Holacanthus tricolor</i>	Pomacanthidae	Iguana Bay
Grey Angelfish	<i>Pomacanthus arcuatus</i>	Pomacanthidae	St. Giles

French Angelfish	<i>Pomacanthus paru</i>	Pomacanthidae	Landslide
Blue Chromis	<i>Chromis cyanea</i>	Pomacentridae	Man O' War Bay
Brazilian Chromis	<i>Chromis jubauna</i>	Pomacentridae	Landslide
Brown Chromis	<i>Chromis multilineata</i>	Pomacentridae	Landslide
Jewel Damselfish	<i>Microspathodon chrysurus</i>	Pomacentridae	Landslide
Dusky Damselfish	<i>Stegastes adustus</i>	Pomacentridae	Man O' War Bay
Longfin Damselfish	<i>Stegastes diencaeus</i>	Pomacentridae	St. Giles
Beaugregory	<i>Stegastes leucostictus</i>	Pomacentridae	Pirate's Bay
Bicolor damselfish	<i>Stegastes partitus</i>	Pomacentridae	Landslide
Queen Parrotfish	<i>Scarus vetula</i>	Scaridae	Landslide
Redband Parrotfish	<i>Sparisoma aurofrenatum</i>	Scaridae	Landslide
Bucktooth Parrotfish	<i>Sparisoma radians</i>	Scaridae	Man O' War Bay
Yellowtail Parrotfish	<i>Sparisoma rubripinne</i>	Scaridae	St. Giles
Jack-knifefish	<i>Equetus lanceolatus</i>	Sciaenidae	Pirate's Bay
Spotted Drum	<i>Equetus punctatus</i>	Sciaenidae	Landslide
High-hat	<i>Pareques acuminatus</i>	Sciaenidae	Man O' War Bay
Red Lionfish	<i>Pterois volitans</i>	Scorpaenidae	Man O' War Bay
Spotted Scorpionfish	<i>Scorpaena plumieri</i>	Scorpaenidae	Man O' War Bay
Grasby	<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	Serranidae	Man O' War Bay
Coney	<i>Cephalopholis fulva</i>	Serranidae	Man O' War Bay
Yellowtail Hamlet	<i>Hypoplectrus chlorurus</i>	Serranidae	Man O' War Bay
Freckled Soapfish	<i>Rypticus bistrispinus</i>	Serranidae	St. Giles
Silver Porgy	<i>Diplodus argenteus</i>	Sparidae	Pirate's Bay
Zangee	<i>Synbranchus marmoratus</i>	Synbranchidae	Doctor's River
Longsnout Seahorse	<i>Hippocampus reidi</i>	Syngnathidae	Man O' War Bay
Inshore Lizardfish	<i>Synodus foetens</i>	Synodontidae	Man O' War Bay
Sand Diver	<i>Synodus intermedius</i>	Synodontidae	Man O' War Bay
Goldface Puffer	<i>Canthigaster jamestyleri</i>	Tetraodontidae	Landslide
Beltfish	<i>Trichiurus lepturus</i>	Trichiuridae	Landslide

Tunicates - 6 species from 4 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
Overgrowing Tunicate	<i>Didemnum duplicatum</i>	Didemnidae	Man O' War Bay
Button Tunicate	<i>Distaplia corolla</i>	Holozoidae	Landslide
Black Condominium Tunicate	<i>Eudistoma obscuratum</i>	Polycitoridae	Landslide
White Condominium Tunicate	<i>Eudistoma sp.</i>	Polycitoridae	Landslide
Giant Tunicate	<i>Polycarpa spongiabilis</i>	Styelidae	St. Giles
Mottled Social Tunicate	<i>Polycarpa tumida</i>	Styelidae	St. Giles

Porifera (Sponges) - 18 species from 12 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
Citron Sponge	<i>Agelas citrina</i>	Agelasidae	St. Giles
Orange Elephant Ear Sponge	<i>Agelas clathrodes</i>	Agelasidae	St. Giles

Brown Tube Sponge	<i>Agelas conifera</i>	Agelasidae	Landslide
Branching Tube Sponge	<i>Aiolochoxia crassa</i>	Aplysinidae	Landslide
Row Pore Rope Sponge	<i>Aplysina cauliformis</i>	Aplysinidae	Landslide
Yellow Tube Sponge	<i>Aplysina fistularis</i>	Aplysinidae	Landslide
Scattered Pore Rope Sponge	<i>Aplysina fulva</i>	Aplysinidae	St. Giles
Branching Vase Sponge	<i>Callyspongia vaginalis</i>	Callyspongiidae	Landslide
Red Boring Sponge	<i>Cliona delitrix</i>	Clionidae	Landslide
Red Encrusting Sponge	<i>Monanchora arbuscula</i>	Crambeidae	Landslide
Red Sieve Encrusting Sponge	<i>Phorbas amaranthus</i>	Hymedesmiidae	Pirate's Bay
Green Finger Sponge	<i>Iotrochota birotulata</i>	Iotrochotidae	Iguana Bay
Black Ball Sponge	<i>Ircinia strobilina</i>	Irciniidae	Iguana Bay
Peach Enrusting Sponge	<i>Clathria sp.</i>	Microcionidae	Landslide
Orange Icing Sponge	<i>Mycale laevis</i>	Mycalidae	Landslide
Orange Lumpy Encrusting Sponge	<i>Scopalina ruetzleri</i>	Scopalinidae	Man O' War Bay
Orange Ball Sponge	<i>Cinachyrella spp.</i>	Tetillidae	Landslide
none ("blue" sponge)	Sp. A		Man O' War Bay

Molluscs - 68 species from 46 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
none (land snail)	<i>Leptinaria unilamellata</i>	Achatinidae	Charlottesville
Miniature Awlslug	<i>Subulina octona</i>	Achatinidae	Charlottesville
Squirrel-eared Snail	<i>Plekochielus glaber</i>	Amphibulimidae	Charlottesville
Mossy Ark	<i>Arca imbricata</i>	Arcidae	Pirate's Bay
Ventricose Ark	<i>Arca ventricosa</i>	Arcidae	Pirate's Bay
White Miniature Ark Clam	<i>Barbatia domingensis</i>	Arcidae	Pirate's Bay
Doc Bales' Ark Clam	<i>Fugleria tenera</i>	Arcidae	Man O' War Bay
Gaudy Cantharus	<i>Gemophos auritulus</i>	Buccinidae	Man O' War Bay
none (sea snail)	<i>Gemophos sp.</i>	Buccinidae	Pirate's Bay
none (tree snail)	<i>Drymaeus rawsoni</i>	Bulimulidae	Charlottesville
Chocolate-lined Top Snail	<i>Calliostoma javanicum</i>	Calliostomatidae	Man O' War Bay
none (sea snail)	<i>Cerithium sp.</i>	Cerithiidae	Iguana Bay
Corrugated Jewel Box Clam	<i>Chama congregata</i>	Chamidae	Man O' War Bay
Cherry Jewel Box Clam	<i>Chama sarda?</i>	Chamidae	Man O' War Bay
Marbled Chiton	<i>Chiton marmoratus</i>	Chitonidae	Pirate's Bay
West Indian Green Chiton	<i>Chiton tuberculatus</i>	Chitonidae	Pirate's Bay
White-spotted Dove Snail	<i>Mitrella ocellata</i>	Columbellidae	Pirate's Bay
none (bivalve)	Sp. A	Crassatellidae	Landslide
Atlantic Grey Cowrie	<i>Talparia cinerea</i>	Cypraeidae	Man O' War Bay
none (sea snail)	<i>Persicula sp.</i>	Cystiscidae	Man O' War Bay
Striate Chip Chip	<i>Donax striatus</i>	Donacidae	Man O' War Bay
Chip Chip	<i>Donax variabilis</i>	Donacidae	Pirate's Bay
Eight-ribbed Limpet	<i>Hemitoma octoradiata</i>	Fissurellidae	Pirate's Bay

Jumping Snail	<i>Ovachlamys fulgens</i>	Helicarionidae	Charlotteville
none (land snail)	<i>Helicina dysoni</i>	Helicinidae	Charlotteville
Hoof Snail	<i>Hipponix</i> sp.	Hipponicidae	Man O' War Bay
Sea Butterfly	<i>Limnacinina</i> sp.	Limacinidae	Pirate's Bay
Flame Scallop	<i>Lima scabra</i>	Limidae	Pirate's Bay
Zebra Periwinkle	<i>Echinolittorina ziczac</i>	Littorinidae	Pirate's Bay
Cloudy Periwinkle	<i>Littoraria nebulosa</i>	Littorinidae	Pirate's Bay
Caribbean Reef Squid	<i>Sepioteuthis sepioidea</i>	Loliginidae	Man O' War Bay
Dwarf Suck-on Limpet	<i>Lottia leucopleura</i>	Lottiidae	Man O' War Bay
Sombrero Lucine	<i>Linga sombrerensis</i>	Lucinidae	Pirate's Bay
none (sea snail)	Sp. A	Marginellidae	Man O' War Bay
none (land snail)	<i>Austrocyclotus rugatus</i>	Neocyclotidae	Charlotteville
Nerite	<i>Nereina punctulata</i>	Neritidae	Doctor's River
Tesselated Nerite	<i>Nerita tessellata</i>	Neritidae	Man O' War Bay
Clench's Nerite	<i>Neritina clenchi</i>	Neritidae	Doctor's River
Adams Ark	<i>Arcopsis adamsi</i>	Noetiidae	Pirate's Bay
Caribbean Reef Octopus	<i>Octopus briareus</i>	Octopodidae	Man O' War Bay
Olive Shell	Sp. A	Olividae	Iguana Bay
FronD Oyster	<i>Dendostrea frons</i>	Ostreidae	Man O' War Bay
Flamingo Tongue Snail	<i>Cyphoma gibbosum</i>	Ovulidae	Pirate's Bay
Fingerprint Flamingo Tongue Snail	<i>Cyphoma signatum</i>	Ovulidae	Man O' War Bay
Ornate Scallop	<i>Chlamys ornata</i>	Pectinidae	Pirate's Bay
Scallop	<i>Chlamys</i> sp.	Pectinidae	Man O' War Bay
none (slug)	<i>Pallifera</i> sp.	Philomycidae	Charlotteville
Rigid Pen Shell	<i>Atrina rigida</i>	Pinnidae	St. Giles
Radial Purse Oyster	<i>Isognomon radius</i>	Pteriidae	Man O' War Bay
Atlantic Winged Oyster	<i>Pteria colymbus</i>	Pteriidae	Landslide
none (land snail)	<i>Tamayoa decolorata</i>	Scolodontidae	Charlotteville
Atlantic Thorny Oyster	<i>Spondylus americanus</i>	Spondylidae	Landslide
West Indian Topshell	<i>Cittarium pica</i>	Tegulidae	Man O' War Bay
Green-base Tegula	<i>Tegula excavata</i>	Tegulidae	Man O' War Bay
Smooth Tegula	<i>Tegula fasciata</i>	Tegulidae	Man O' War Bay
Rosy Strigilla	<i>Strigilla carnaria</i>	Tellinidae	Man O' War Bay
Auger Snail	<i>Terebra</i> sp.	Terebridae	Man O' War Bay
Red-rimmed Melania	<i>Melanoides tuberculata</i>	Thiaridae	Doctor's River
Quilted Melania	<i>Tarebia granifera</i>	Thiaridae	Doctor's River
none (land snail)	<i>Thysanophora</i> sp.	Thysanophoridae	Charlotteville
Ornate Triphora	<i>Triphora ornata</i>	Triphoridae	Landslide
Coffee Bean Trivia	<i>Pusula pediculus</i>	Triviidae	Man O' War Bay
False Cowrie	<i>Trivia</i> sp.	Triviidae	Iguana Bay
Venus Clam	<i>Chione cancellata</i>	Veneridae	Iguana Bay
Lightning Venus Clam	<i>Pitar fulminatus</i>	Veneridae	Pirate's Bay

Trigonal Tivela	<i>Tivela mactroides</i>	Veneridae	Pirate's Bay
Cuba Transenella	<i>Transenella cubaniana</i>	Veneridae	Pirate's Bay
Caribbean Leatherleaf Slug	<i>Sarasinula plebeia</i>	Veronicellidae	Charlotteville

Cnidarians - 59 species from 28 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
Staghorn Coral	<i>Acropora cervicornis</i>	Acroporidae	Man O' War Bay
Elkhorn Coral	<i>Acropora palmata</i>	Acroporidae	Landslide
Low Relief Lettuce Coral	<i>Agaricia humilis</i>	Agariciidae	Landslide
Stinging Hydroid	<i>Macrorhynchia allmani</i>	Aglaopheniidae	Man O' War Bay
White Stinger	<i>Macrorhynchia philippina</i>	Aglaopheniidae	Iguana Bay
Feather Hydroid	<i>Gymnangium allmani</i>	Aglaopheniidae	Iguana Bay
Corkscrew Anemone	<i>Bartholomea annulata</i>	Aiptasiidae	Man O' War Bay
Hidden Anemone	<i>Lebrunia coralligens</i>	Aliciidae	Landslide
Branching Anemone	<i>Lebrunia neglecta</i>	Aliciidae	Man O' War Bay
Encrusting Gorgonian	<i>Erythropodium caribaeorum</i>	Anthothelidae	Landslide
Bushy Black Coral	<i>Antipathes caribbeana</i>	Antipathidae	Man O' War Bay
Black Sea Whip	<i>Stichopathes lutkeni</i>	Antipathidae	Iguana Bay
Banded Tube-dwelling Anemone	<i>Isarachnanthus nocturnus</i>	Arachnactidae	Man O' War Bay
Yellow Pencil Coral	<i>Madracis auretenra</i>	Astrocoeniidae	Landslide
Ten-ray Star Coral	<i>Madracis decactis</i>	Astrocoeniidae	Man O' War Bay
Blushing Star Coral	<i>Stephanocoenia intersepta</i>	Astrocoeniidae	St. Giles
Corky Sea Finger	<i>Briareum asbestinum</i>	Briareidae	Landslide
Orange Cup Coral	<i>Tubastraea coccinea</i>	Dendrophylliidae	Iguana Bay
Long Sea Whip	<i>Ellisella elongata</i>	Ellisellidae	Iguana Bay
Smooth Star Coral	<i>Solenastrea bournoni</i>	Faviidae	Landslide
Knobby Star Coral	<i>Solenastrea hyades</i>	Faviidae	Landslide
Symmetrical Brain Coral	<i>Pseudodiploria strigosa</i>	Faviidae	Landslide
Bipinnate Sea Plume	<i>Antillogorgia bipinnata</i>	Gorgoniidae	Landslide
Common Sea Fan	<i>Gorgonia ventalina</i>	Gorgoniidae	Landslide
Yellow Sea Whip	<i>Pterogorgia citrina</i>	Gorgoniidae	St. Giles
Hidden Anemone	<i>Telmatactis cricoides</i>	Isophelliidae	Man O' War Bay
Elliptical Star Coral	<i>Dichocoenia stokesi</i>	Meandrinidae	Landslide
Smooth Flower Coral	<i>Eusmilia fastigiata</i>	Meandrinidae	Iguana Bay
Maze Brain Coral	<i>Meandrina meandrites</i>	Meandrinidae	Landslide
Mountainous Star Coral	<i>Orbicella faveolata</i>	Merulinidae	Landslide
Boulder Star Coral	<i>Orbicella franksi</i>	Merulinidae	Landslide
Branching Fire Coral	<i>Millepora alcicornis</i>	Milleporidae	Landslide
Blade Fire Coral	<i>Millepora complanata</i>	Milleporidae	Man O' War Bay
Box Fire Coral	<i>Millepora squarrosa</i>	Milleporidae	Man O' War Bay

Great Star Coral	<i>Montastraea cavernosa</i>	Montastraeidae	Landslide
Boulder Brain Coral	<i>Colpophyllia natans</i>	Mussidae	Landslide
Grooved Brain Coral	<i>Diploria labyrinthiformis</i>	Mussidae	Landslide
Sinuuous Cactus Coral	<i>Isophyllia sinuosa</i>	Mussidae	Iguana Bay
Artichoke Coral	<i>Scolymia cubensis</i>	Mussidae	Landslide
Solitary Disk Coral	<i>Scolymia wellsii</i>	Mussidae	Landslide
Maroon Sponge Zoanthid	<i>Bergia puertoricense</i>	Parazoanthidae	Iguana Bay
Sponge Zoanthid	<i>Parazoanthus parasiticus</i>	Parazoanthidae	Landslide
Golden Zoanthid	<i>Parazoanthus swiftii</i>	Parazoanthidae	Iguana Bay
Hydroid Zoanthid	<i>Parazoanthus tunicans</i>	Parazoanthidae	St. Giles
Bent Sea Rod	<i>Eunicea flexuosa</i>	Plexauridae	Landslide
Shelf Knob Sea Rod	<i>Eunicea succinea</i>	Plexauridae	Landslide
Warty Sea Rod	<i>Eunicea calyculata</i>	Plexauridae	Landslide
Doughnut Sea Rod	<i>Eunicea fusca</i>	Plexauridae	Landslide
Rough Sea Plume	<i>Muriceopsis flavida</i>	Plexauridae	Landslide
Giant Slit-pore Sea Rod	<i>Plexaurella nutans</i>	Plexauridae	Landslide
Porous Sea Rod	<i>Pseudoplexaura spp.</i>	Plexauridae	Landslide
Delicate Spiny Sea Rod	<i>Muricea laxa</i>	Plexauridae	Landslide
Feather Bush Hydroid	<i>Dentitheca dendritica</i>	Plumulariidae	St. Giles
Mustard Hill Coral	<i>Porites astreoides</i>	Poritidae	Landslide
Branching Finger Coral	<i>Porites furcata</i>	Poritidae	Man O' War Bay
Branching Hydroid	<i>Sertularella diaphana</i>	Sertulariidae	Landslide
Massive Starlet Coral	<i>Siderastrea siderea</i>	Siderastreidae	Landslide
White Encrusting Zooanthid	<i>Palythoa caribaeorum</i>	Sphenopidae	Pirate's Bay
Mat Zoanthid	<i>Zoanthus pulchellus</i>	Zoanthidae	Landslide

Echinoderms - 16 species from 14 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
none (brittle star)	<i>Ophiostigma sp.?</i>	Amphiuridae	Iguana Bay
Slate Pencil Urchin	<i>Eucidaris tribuloides</i>	Cidaridae	Pirate's Bay
Beaded Crinoid	<i>Davidaster discoideus</i>	Comasteridae	St. Giles
Long-spined Sea Urchin	<i>Diadema antillarum</i>	Diadematidae	Pirate's Bay
Rock Boring Urchin	<i>Echinometra lucunter</i>	Echinometridae	Pirate's Bay
Giant Basket Star	<i>Astrophyton muricatum</i>	Gorgonocephalidae	Man O' War Bay
Donkey Dung Sea Cucumber	<i>Holothuria mexicana</i>	Holothuriidae	Man O' War Bay
Six-holed Keyhole Sand Dollar	<i>Leodia sexiesperforata</i>	Mellitidae	Pirate's Bay
Five-holed Keyhole Sand Dollar	<i>Mellita quinquiesperforata</i>	Mellitidae	Pirate's Bay
none (brittle star)	<i>Ophiactis sp.?</i>	Ophiactidae	Iguana Bay
Spiny Ophiocoma	<i>Ophiocoma echinata</i>	Ophiocomidae	Pirate's Bay
Reticulated Brittle Star	<i>Ophionereis reticulata</i>	Ophionereididae	Man O' War Bay
Yellow Six-arm Brittle Star	<i>Ophiothela mirabilis</i>	Ophiotrichidae	Man O' War Bay
Sponge Brittle Star	<i>Ophiothrix suensoni</i>	Ophiotrichidae	Landslide

Three-rowed Sea Cucumber	<i>Isostichopus badionotus</i>	Stichopodidae	Man O' War Bay
West Indian Sea Egg	<i>Tripneustes ventricosus</i>	Toxopneustidae	Pirate's Bay

Platyhelminthes (Flatworms) – 3 species from 3 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Place
none (terrestrial flatworm)	<i>Gigantea</i> sp.?	Geoplanidae	Charlottesville
none (terrestrial flatworm)	<i>Rhynchodemus</i> sp.?	Rhynchodemidae	Charlottesville
Netted Flatworm	<i>Pseudoceros texanus</i>	Pseudocerotoidae	Iguana Bay

Crustaceans – 45 species from 32 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
Snapping Shrimp	<i>Alpheus</i> sp.	Alpheidae	Iguana Bay
none (amphipod)	Sp. A	Amphipoda (Order)	Pirate's Bay
Pill Bug	Sp. A	Armadillidae	Man O' War Bay
none (prawn)	<i>Atya</i> sp. A	Atyidae	Man O' War Bay
none (prawn)	<i>Atya</i> sp. B	Atyidae	Man O' War Bay
Ocellated Box Crab	<i>Calappa ocellata</i>	Calappidae	Man O' War Bay
Atlantic Barnacle	<i>Chthamalus proteus</i>	Chthamalidae	Landslide
none (barnacle)	Sp. A	Cirripedia (Infraclass)	Pirate's Bay
Water Flea	Sp. A	Cladocera (Order)	Pirate's Bay
Caribbean Hermit Crab	<i>Coenobita clypeatus</i>	Coenobitidae	Charlottesville
none (copepod)	Sp. A	Copeopoda (Subclass)	Pirate's Bay
none (hooded shrimp)	Sp. A	Cumacea (Order)	Pirate's Bay
Orangeclaw Hermit Crab	<i>Calcinus tibicen</i>	Diogenidae	Landslide
Stareye Hermit Crab	<i>Dardanus venosus</i>	Diogenidae	Man O' War Bay
none (amphipod)	Sp. A	Gammaridae	Iguana Bay
Blue Land Crab	<i>Cardisoma guanhumi</i>	Gecarcinidae	Charlottesville
sally lightfoot crab	<i>Grapsus grapsus</i>	Grapsidae	Man O' War Bay
none (mole crab)	<i>Emerita</i> sp.	Hippidae	Pirate's Bay
Yellowline Arrow Crab	<i>Stenorhynchus seticornis</i>	Inachoididae	Landslide
none (isopod)	Sp. A	Janiridae	Iguana Bay
Knobbed Spider Crab	<i>Damithrax hispidus</i>	Mithracidae	Man O' War Bay
none (crab)	<i>Mithrax</i> sp. A	Mithracidae	Iguana Bay
none (crab)	<i>Mithrax</i> sp. B	Mithracidae	Man O' War Bay
none (opossum shrimp)	Sp. A	Mysidacea (Order)	Man O' War Bay
none (seed shrimp)	Sp. A	Ostracoda (Class)	Man O' War Bay
Red Striped Hermit Crab	<i>Phimochirus holthuisi</i>	Paguridae	Iguana Bay
Bigclaw River Shrimp	<i>Macrobrachium carcinus</i>	Palaemonidae	Hermitage
Stream Shrimp	<i>Macrobrachium crenulatum</i>	Palaemonidae	Hermitage
Sun Anemone Shrimp	<i>Periclimenes rathbunae</i>	Palaemonidae	Landslide

Spotted Cleaner Shrimp	<i>Periclimenes yucatanicus</i>	Palaemonidae	Landslide
Caribbean Spiny Lobster	<i>Panulirus argus</i>	Palinuridae	Iguana Bay
Spotted Spiny Lobster	<i>Panulirus guttatus</i>	Palinuridae	Man O' War Bay
Pink-spotted Shrimp	<i>Penaeus brasiliensis</i>	Penaeidae	Man O' War Bay
none (shrimp)	Sp. A	Penaeidae	Pirate's Bay
Nimble Spray Crab	<i>Percnon gibbesi</i>	Percnidae	Pirate's Bay
Ocellate Swimming Crab	<i>Achelous sebae</i>	Portunidae	Man O' War Bay
Speckled Swimming Crab	<i>Arenaeus cribrarius</i>	Portunidae	Man O' War Bay
none (swimming crab)	<i>Callinectes</i> sp. A	Portunidae	Pirate's Bay
none (swimming crab)	<i>Callinectes</i> sp. B	Portunidae	Man O' War Bay
Manicou Crab	<i>Rodriguezus garmani</i>	Pseudothelphusidae	Doctor's River
Spanish Slipper Lobster	<i>Scyllarides aequinoctialis</i>	Scyllaridae	Man O' War Bay
Mangrove Tree Crab	<i>Aratus pisonii</i>	Sesarmidae	Hermitage
Red-banded Coral Shrimp	<i>Stenopus hispidus</i>	Stenopodidae	Man O' War Bay
Golden Coral Shrimp	<i>Stenopus scutellatus</i>	Stenopodidae	Iguana Bay
none (shrimp)	Sp. A	Tanaidae	Landslide

Arachnids – 26 species from 18 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
Silver Argiope	<i>Argiope argentata</i>	Araenidae	Charlottesville
Mangora Orb Weaver	<i>Mangora melanocephala</i>	Araenidae	Charlottesville
none (orb weaver)	<i>Metazygia laticeps</i>	Araenidae	Charlottesville
none (spider)	Sp. A	Araenidae	Charlottesville
none (orb weaver)	<i>Neoscona</i> sp.	Araneidae	Charlottesville
Trinidad Thick-tailed Scorpion	<i>Tityus trinitatis</i>	Buthidae	Pigeon Peak
none (opilione)	<i>Santinezia serratotibialis</i>	Cranidae	Charlottesville
Funnel Web Spider	<i>Ischnothele caudata</i>	Dipluridae	Charlottesville
none (tick)	<i>Ixodes</i> sp.	Ixodidae	Charlottesville
Brown Dog Tick	<i>Rhipicephalus sanguineus</i>	Ixodidae	Charlottesville
none (wolf spider)	<i>Hogna</i> sp.	Lycosidae	Charlottesville
none (spider)	Sp. A	Lycosidae	Charlottesville
none (opilione)	<i>Rhopalocranaus albilineatus</i>	Manaosbiidae	Charlottesville
none (spider)	Sp. A	Miturgidae	Charlottesville
none (spider)	Sp. A	Mygalomorphae	Charlottesville
none (wall spider)	<i>Oecobius</i> sp. (<i>concinus</i> ?)	Oecobiidae	Charlottesville
none (spider)	<i>Coryssocnemis</i> sp.	Pholcidae	Charlottesville
none (spider)	<i>Modisimus</i> sp.	Pholcidae	Charlottesville
Tailless Whip-scorpion	<i>Phrynus</i> sp.	Phrynidae	Hermitage
none (spider)	Sp. A	Pisauridae	Charlottesville

none (jumping spider)	<i>Beata sp. (octopunctata?)</i>	Salticidae	Charlottesville
none (jumping spider)	<i>Corythalia sp.</i>	Salticidae	Charlottesville
none (opilione)	<i>Prionostemma vittatum</i>	Sclerosomatidae	Charlottesville
none (spitting spider)	<i>Scytodes longipes</i>	Scytodidae	Charlottesville
none (spider)	Sp. A	Selenopidae	Charlottesville
Huntsman Spider	<i>Olios sp.</i>	Sparassidae	Charlottesville

Myriapods (Centipedes, Milipedes) – 16 species from 14 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
none (flat-backed millipede)	<i>Asiomorpha coarctata</i>	Aphelidesmidae	Charlottesville
none (flat-backed millipede)	<i>Amphelictogon bidens</i>	Chelodesmidae	Charlottesville
Rutherford's Odd-legged Millipede	<i>Pandirodesmus rutherfordi</i>	Chelodesmidae	Pigeon Peak
none (centipede)	Sp. A	Cryptopidae	Charlottesville
none (millipede)	<i>Cyclindroiulus sp.?</i>	Julidae	Charlottesville
none (pill millipede)	<i>Pseudospirobolellus sp.?</i>	Pseudospirobolellidae	Charlottesville
none (millipede)	<i>Gasatomus emersoni</i>	Pyrgodesmidae	Charlottesville
Yellow-banded Millipede	<i>Anadenobolus monilicornis</i>	Rhinocricidae	Charlottesville
none (centipede)	<i>Hemiscolopendra sp.?</i>	Scolopendridae	Charlottesville
none (centipede)	<i>Scolopendra sp.</i>	Scolopendridae	Charlottesville
none (centipede)	<i>Newportia sp.</i>	Scolopocryptopidae	Charlottesville
House Centipede	<i>Sphendononema guildingii?</i>	Scutigerae	Charlottesville
none (millipede)	<i>Paraspirobolus sp.?</i>	Spirobolellidae	Charlottesville
none (millipede)	<i>Narceus sp.?</i>	Spirobolidae	Charlottesville
none (millipede)	<i>Orthoporus sp.?</i>	Spirostreptidae	Charlottesville
none (millipede)	<i>Rhinotus purpureus</i>	Siphonotidae	Charlottesville

Insects – 122 species from 50 families/orders consisting of the following: -

Diptera (Flies) – 19 species from 5 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
Green Bottle Fly	<i>Lucilia sp.</i>	Calliphoridae	Charlottesville
Sandfly	<i>Culicoides phlebotomus</i>	Ceratopogonidae	Charlottesville
Yellow Fever Mosquito	<i>Aedes aegypti</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville
none (mosquito)	<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville
none (mosquito)	<i>Culex conservator</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville
none (mosquito)	<i>Culex declarator</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville
none (mosquito)	<i>Culex inimitabilis</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville
Florida SLE Mosquito	<i>Culex nigripalpus</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville
none (mosquito)	<i>Culex pleuristriatus?</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville

none (mosquito)	<i>Culex quinquefasciatus</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville
none (mosquito)	<i>Limatus durhami</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville
none (mosquito)	<i>Toxorhynchites moctezuma</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville
none (mosquito)	<i>Toxorhynchites superbus</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville
none (mosquito)	<i>Trichoprosopon digitatum</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville
none (mosquito)	<i>Wyeomyia arthrostigma</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville
none (mosquito)	<i>Wyeomyia melanocephala</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville
none (mosquito)	<i>Wyeomyia pertinans?</i>	Culicidae	Charlottesville
none (fruit fly)	<i>Ceroxys</i> sp.	Otitidae	Charlottesville
none (parasitic fruit fly)	Sp. A	Tephritidae	Charlottesville

Lepidoptera (Butterflies and Moths) – 45 species from 15 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
none (moth)	<i>Correbidia notata</i>	Arctiidae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	<i>Azochis trichotarsalis</i>	Crambidae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	Sp. A (Spilomeninae)	Crambidae	Charlottesville
Red-waisted Florella Moth	<i>Syngamia florella</i>	Crambidae	Charlottesville
Bewitching Melipotis	<i>Melipotis fasciolaris</i>	Erebidae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	<i>Mocis diffluens</i>	Erebidae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	Sp. A (Herminiinae)	Erebidae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	<i>Virbia medarda</i>	Erebidae	Charlottesville
Linnaeus's Joker	<i>Cylopora jatrophia</i>	Geometridae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	<i>Idaea caudata</i>	Geometridae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	<i>Idaea rufarenaria</i>	Geometridae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	<i>Idaea triangularia</i>	Geometridae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	<i>Idaea triangulata</i>	Geometridae	Charlottesville
Dot-lined Angle Moth	<i>Macaria abydata</i>	Geometridae	Charlottesville
Fridericus Spreadwing	<i>Ouleus fridericus</i>	Hesperiidae	Charlottesville
Caribbean Ruby-eye	<i>Perichares philetus</i>	Hesperiidae	Charlottesville
none (butterfly)	Sp. A	Hesperiidae	Charlottesville
none (butterfly)	Sp. B	Hesperiidae	Charlottesville
none (butterfly)	Sp. C	Hesperiidae	Charlottesville
Plain Longtail	<i>Urbanus simplicius</i>	Hesperiidae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	<i>Imma nephallactis</i>	Immidae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	<i>Euprosteria aroensis</i>	Limacodidae	Charlottesville
Hewitson's Groundstreak	<i>Calycopis bactra</i>	Lycaenidae	Charlottesville
Origo Groundstreak	<i>Calycopis origo</i>	Lycaenidae	Charlottesville
Large Green Hairstreak	<i>Chalybs herodotus</i>	Lycaenidae	Charlottesville
Bubastus Hairstreak	<i>Strymon bubastus</i>	Lycaenidae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	<i>Herminodes concatenalis</i>	Noctuidae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	<i>Metalectra agriodes</i>	Noctuidae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	<i>Oxidercia toxea</i>	Noctuidae	Charlottesville
none (moth)	<i>Ptichodis crucis</i>	Noctuidae	Charlottesville

Southern Armyworm Moth	<i>Spodoptera eridania</i>	Noctuidae	Charlottesville
Witch Moth	<i>Letis buteo</i>	Noctuidae	Charlottesville
Witch Moth	<i>Letis magna</i>	Noctuidae	Charlottesville
Scarlet Peacock	<i>Anartia amathea</i>	Nymphalidae	Charlottesville
Teucer Owl Butterfly	<i>Caligo teucer</i>	Nymphalidae	Charlottesville
Butler's Satyr	<i>Cissia palladia</i>	Nymphalidae	Charlottesville
Hermes Satyr	<i>Hermeuptychia hermes</i>	Nymphalidae	Charlottesville
Tropical Buckeye	<i>Junonia zonalis</i>	Nymphalidae	Charlottesville
Blue-gray Satyr	<i>Magneuptychia libye</i>	Nymphalidae	Charlottesville
none (butterfly)	Sp. A	Pieridae	Charlottesville
Bagworm Moth	<i>Oiketicus kirbyi</i>	Psychidae	Charlottesville
Snout Moth	<i>Caphys biliniata</i>	Pyalidae	Charlottesville
Molpe Metalmark	<i>Juditha molpe</i>	Riodinidae	Charlottesville
Electron Pixie	<i>Melanis electron</i>	Riodinidae	Charlottesville
Green-banded Urania	<i>Urania leilus</i>	Uraniidae	Charlottesville

Hymenoptera (Ants, Bees and Wasps) – 12 species from 4 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
Western Honey Bee	<i>Apis mellifera</i>	Apidae	Charlottesville
none (stingless bee)	<i>Frieseomelitta</i> sp.	Apidae	Charlottesville
none (stingless bee)	<i>Melipona favosa</i>	Apidae	Charlottesville
none (stingless bee)	<i>Plebeia nr. frontalis</i>	Apidae	Charlottesville
none (stingless bee)	<i>Trigona nigra</i>	Apidae	Charlottesville
none (leaf-cutter ant)	<i>Atta cephalotes</i>	Formicidae	Charlottesville
none (nectar ant)	<i>Ectatomma ruidum</i>	Formicidae	Charlottesville
none (nectar ant)	<i>Ectatomma tuberculatum</i>	Formicidae	Charlottesville
none (trap-jaw ant)	<i>Odontomachus</i> sp.	Formicidae	Charlottesville
none (sweat bee)	Sp. A	Halictidae	Charlottesville
none (sweat bee)	Sp. B	Halictidae	Charlottesville
Marabunta	<i>Polybia occidentalis</i>	Vespidae	Charlottesville

Other Insects – 46 species from 26 families/orders

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family/Order	Location
none (grasshopper)	<i>Abracris flavolineata</i>	Acrididae	Charlottesville
none (grasshopper)	Sp. A	Acrididae	Charlottesville
none (grasshopper)	<i>Chorthippus</i> sp.	Acrididae	Pigeon Peak Trail
none (grasshopper)	<i>Vilerna aeneoculata</i>	Acrididae	Charlottesville
none (cockroach)	<i>Blaberus</i> sp. ?	Blaberidae	Charlottesville
none (cockroach)	<i>Notolampra</i> sp. ?	Blaberidae	Charlottesville
none (cockroach)	<i>Eurycotis decipiens</i>	Blattidae	Charlottesville
American Cockroach	<i>Periplaneta americana</i>	Blattidae	Charlottesville
American Wheat Weevil	<i>Rhyzopertha dominica</i>	Bostrichidae	Charlottesville

Long-necked Weevil	<i>Brentus volvulus</i>	Brentidae	Charlottesville
Flat-faced Longhorn Beetle	<i>Lagocheiris araneiformis</i>	Cerambycidae	Charlottesville
Hardwood Stump Borer	<i>Mallodon dasystemus</i>	Cerambycidae	Charlottesville
none (longhorn beetle)	Sp. A	Cerambycidae	Charlottesville
none (leaf beetle)	Sp. A	Chrysomelidae	Charlottesville
none (cicada)	Sp. A	Cicadidae	Charlottesville
none (damselfly)	Sp. A	Coenagrionidae	Charlottesville
none (weevil)	<i>Brachyomus</i> sp.	Curculionidae	Charlottesville
Snout beetle	<i>Cleogonus rubetra</i>	Curculionidae	Charlottesville
none (stick insect)	<i>Ocnophiloidea regularis</i>	Diapheromeridae	Pigeon Peak Trail
none (webspinner)	Sp. A	Embiidina	Charlottesville
none (cricket)	<i>Gryllodes</i> sp.?	Gryllidae	Charlottesville
none (cricket)	Sp. A	Gryllidae	Charlottesville
Firefly	<i>Photinus</i> sp.	Lampyridae	Charlottesville
Trinidad Bark Mantis	<i>Liturgusa trinidadensis</i>	Liturgusidae	Pigeon Peak Trail
none (mantis)	<i>Angela quinque maculata</i>	Mantidae	Charlottesville
none (mantis)	<i>Thesprotia filum</i>	Mantidae	Pigeon Peak Trail
none (beetle)	<i>Passalus</i> sp.	Passalidae	Charlottesville
Spined Stink Bug	<i>Loxa flavicollis</i>	Pentatomidae	Charlottesville
Southern Green Stink Bug	<i>Nezara viridula</i>	Pentatomidae	Charlottesville
none (stink bug)	Sp. A	Pentatomidae	Charlottesville
none (stick insect)	<i>Creoxylus spinosus</i>	Pseudophasmatidae	Pigeon Peak Trail
none (scentless plant bug)	<i>Jadera</i> sp.	Rhopalidae	Charlottesville
none (seed bug)	<i>Ozophora burmeisteri</i>	Rhyparochromidae	Charlottesville
none (scarab beetle)	<i>Canthon</i> sp.	Scarabaeidae	Charlottesville
none (scarab beetle)	<i>Deltochilum orbigny</i>	Scarabaeidae	Charlottesville
none (scarab beetle)	<i>Dichotomius agenor</i>	Scarabaeidae	Charlottesville
none (scarab beetle)	<i>Macraspis chalcea</i>	Scarabaeidae	Charlottesville
none (termite)	<i>Microcerotermes arboreus</i>	Termitidae	Charlottesville
none (termite)	<i>Nasutitermes corniger</i>	Termitidae	Charlottesville
none (termite)	<i>Nasutitermes ephratae</i>	Termitidae	Charlottesville
none (grasshopper)	Sp. A	Tetrigidae	Charlottesville
none (cricket)	<i>Aphonoides</i> sp.	Tettigoniidae	Pigeon Peak Trail
none (katydid)	<i>Conocephalus</i> sp.	Tettigoniidae	Charlottesville
Robust Conehead	<i>Neoconocephalus robustus</i>	Tettigoniidae	Charlottesville
none (katydid)	<i>Neoconocephalus</i> sp.	Tettigoniidae	Charlottesville
none (mantis)	<i>Bantiella trinitatis</i>	Thespidae	Pigeon Peak Trail

Annelids (Worms) – 20 species from 12 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
none (bristle worm)	<i>Chloeia sp.</i>	Amphinomidae	Iguana Bay
Bearded Fireworm	<i>Hermodice carunculata</i>	Amphinomidae	Pirate's Bay
Southern Lugworm	<i>Arenicola cristata</i>	Arenicolidae	Pirate's Bay
none (polychaete worm)	Sp. A	Capitellidae	Man O' War Bay
none (sludge worm)	Sp. A	Naididae	Man O' War Bay
none (ragworm)	Sp. A	Nereididae	Iguana Bay
none (ragworm)	Sp. B	Nereididae	Iguana Bay
none (polychaete worm)	<i>Onuphis sp.</i>	Onuphidae	Man O' War Bay
none (bristle worm)	Sp. A	Polynoidae	Iguana Bay
none (scale worm)	Sp. B	Polynoidae	Iguana Bay
Split-crown Feather Duster	<i>Anamobaea orstedii</i>	Sabellidae	Pirate's Bay
Ghost Feather Duster	<i>Anamobaea sp.</i>	Sabellidae	Man O' War Bay
Social Feather Duster	<i>Bispira brunnea</i>	Sabellidae	Man O' War Bay
Variegated Feather Duster	<i>Bispira melanostigma</i>	Sabellidae	Iguana Bay
Brown Fanworm	<i>Notaulax nudicollis</i>	Sabellidae	Iguana Bay
Christmas Tree Worm	<i>Spirobranchus giganteus</i>	Serpulidae	Pirate's Bay
none (polychaete worm)	Sp. A	Spionidae	Man O' War Bay
none (polychaete worm)	<i>Syllis sp. ?</i>	Syllidae	Iguana Bay
none (polychaete worm)	Sp. A	Terebellidae	Pirate's Bay
none (polychaete worm)	Sp. B	Terebellidae	Iguana Bay

Minor Phyla - 14 species from 13 families/orders/phyla

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family/Order/Phylum	Location
none (cyphonautes)	Sp. A	Bryozoa	Pirate's Bay
none (dinoflagellate)	<i>Triplos longipes</i>	Ceratiaceae (Dinoflagellata)	Pirate's Bay
none (arrow worm)	Sp. A	Chaetognatha	Pirate's Bay
none (sea sawdust)	<i>Trichodesmium sp.</i>	Cyanobacteria	Man O' War Bay
none (foram)	Sp. A	Foraminifera	Pirate's Bay
none (coccolithophore)	Sp. A	Haptophyta	Pirate's Bay
none (acorn worm)	Sp. A	Hemichordata	Pirate's Bay
none (roundworm)	Sp. A	Nematoda	Iguana Bay
none (ribbon worm)	Sp. A	Nemertea	Pirate's Bay
none (diatom)	Sp. A	Ochrophyta	Man O' War Bay
none (diatom)	Sp. B	Ochrophyta	Man O' War Bay
none (horseshoe worm)	Sp. A	Phoronida	Pirate's Bay
none (radiozoa)	Sp. A	Radiolaria	Pirate's Bay
none (rotifer)	Sp. A	Rotifera	Pirate's Bay

Fungus – 30 species from 11+ families/orders

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
none (fungus)	<i>Chlorophyllum</i> sp.?	Agaricaceae	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Sp. A	Clavulinaceae	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	<i>Ganoderma</i> sp.?	Ganodermataceae	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Sp. A	Ganodermataceae	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	<i>Glaziella vesiculosa</i> ?	Glaziellaceae	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	<i>Marasmius</i> sp. A	Marasmiaceae	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	<i>Marasmius</i> sp. B	Marasmiaceae	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Sp. A	Nidulariaceae	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Sp. A	Pleurotaceae	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Sp. B	Pleurotaceae	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	<i>Polyporus</i> sp.?	Polyporaceae	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Sp. A	Polyporaceae	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Sp. B	Polyporaceae	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	<i>Coprinellus</i> sp.?	Psathyrellaceae	Charlottesville
Orange Cup Fungus	<i>Cookeina</i> sp.	Sarcoscyphaceae	Charlottesville
Split Gill Fungus	<i>Schizophyllum</i> sp. ?	Schizophyllaceae	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Morphospecies 1	Unknown	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Morphospecies 2	Unknown	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Morphospecies 3	Unknown	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Morphospecies 4	Unknown	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Morphospecies 5	Unknown	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Morphospecies 6	Unknown	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Morphospecies 7	Unknown	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Morphospecies 8	Unknown	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Morphospecies 9	Unknown	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Morphospecies 10	Unknown	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Morphospecies 11	Unknown	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Morphospecies 12	Unknown	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Morphospecies 13	Unknown	Charlottesville
none (fungus)	Morphospecies 14	Unknown	Charlottesville

Algae – 28 species from 18 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
“Green Turf Algae”	Sp. A	Bryopsidaceae	Man O' War Bay
Saw Blade Algae	<i>Caulerpa mexicana</i>	Caulerpaceae	Man O' War Bay
Green Grape Algae	<i>Caulerpa racemosa</i>	Caulerpaceae	Man O' War Bay
Y-Twig Algae	<i>Amphiroa rigida</i>	Corallinaceae	Man O' War Bay
Flat-Twig Algae	<i>Amphiroa tribulus</i>	Corallinaceae	Pirate's Bay
“Lavender Crust Algae”	Sp. A	Corallinaceae	Man O' War Bay
“Reef Cement”	Sp. B	Corallinaceae	Man O' War Bay
“Fuzz Ball Algae”	Sp. A	Cyanophyceae	Man O' War Bay

Y-Branched Algae	<i>Dictyota</i> sp.	Dictyotaceae	Man O' War Bay
White Scroll Algae	<i>Padina sanctae-crucis</i>	Dictyotaceae	Man O' War Bay
Tubular Thicket Algae	<i>Galaxaura</i> sp.	Galaxauraceae	Man O' War Bay
Spiny Seaweed	<i>Gelidium spinosum</i>	Gelidiaceae	Man O' War Bay
Large Leaf Hanging Vine	<i>Halimeda copiosa</i>	Halimedaceae	Man O' War Bay
Small Leaf Hanging Vine	<i>Halimeda goreau</i>	Halimedaceae	Man O' War Bay
Watercress Algae	<i>Halimeda opuntia</i>	Halimedaceae	Pirate's Bay
Crustose Coralline Algae	<i>Lithothamnion</i> sp.	Hapalidiaceae	Man O' War Bay
Turtle Grass	<i>Thalassia testudinum</i>	Hydrocharitaceae	Man O' War Bay
Burgundy Crust Algae	<i>Peyssonnelia rubra</i>	Peyssonneliaceae	Man O' War Bay
White Wine Mermaid's Glass	<i>Acetabularia caliculus</i>	Polyphysaceae	Man O' War Bay
none (red algae)	<i>Vertebrata foetidissima</i>	Rhodomelaceae	Pirate's Bay
Spiny Seaweed	<i>Acanthophora spicifera</i>	Rhodomelaceae	Pirate's Bay
Sargassum Seaweed	<i>Sargassum fluitans</i>	Sargassaceae	Man O' War Bay
Gulf Weed	<i>Sargassum natans</i>	Sargassaceae	Man O' War Bay
Saucer Leaf Algae	<i>Turbinaria tricostata</i>	Sargassaceae	Pirate's Bay
Swiss Cheese Algae	<i>Hydroclathrus clathratus</i>	Scytosiphonaceae	Man O' War Bay
none (green algae)	<i>Cladophoropsis</i> sp.	Siphonocladaceae	Pirate's Bay
Sea Lettuce	<i>Ulva lactuca</i>	Ulvaceae	Pirate's Bay
Sea Pearl	<i>Valonia ventricosa</i>	Valoniaceae	Pirate's Bay

Terrestrial Plants – 327 species from 85 families

Common Name	Scientific Name	Family	Location
none (shrub)	<i>Graptophyllum pictum</i>	Acanthaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Sanchezia</i> sp.	Acanthaceae	Charlottesville
Shoreline Seapurslane	<i>Sesuvium portulacastrum</i>	Aizoaceae	Charlottesville
Alligator Grass	<i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>	Amaranthaceae	Charlottesville
Calicoplant	<i>Alternanthera tenella</i>	Amaranthaceae	Charlottesville
Pigweeds	<i>Amaranthus</i> sp.	Amaranthaceae	Charlottesville
Swamp Lily	<i>Crinum americanum</i>	Amaryllidaceae	Charlottesville
Barbados Lily	<i>Hippeastrum puniceum</i>	Amaryllidaceae	Charlottesville
Cashew	<i>Anacardium occidentale</i>	Anacardiaceae	Charlottesville
Mango	<i>Mangifera indica</i>	Anacardiaceae	Charlottesville
Brazilian Peppertree	<i>Schinus terebinthifolius</i>	Anacardiaceae	Charlottesville
Pommecythere	<i>Spondias cytherea</i>	Anacardiaceae	Charlottesville
Hog Plum	<i>Spondias mombin</i>	Anacardiaceae	Charlottesville
Plum	<i>Spondias purpurea</i>	Anacardiaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Tapirira guianensis</i>	Anacardiaceae	Charlottesville
Soursop	<i>Annona muricata</i>	Annonaceae	Charlottesville
Custard Apple	<i>Annona reticulata</i>	Annonaceae	Charlottesville

Shadon Beni	<i>Eryngium aquaticum</i>	Apiaceae	Charlottesville
Marsh Pennywort	<i>Hydrocotyle umbellata</i>	Apiaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Allamanda</i> sp.	Apocynaceae	Charlottesville
Bloodflower	<i>Asclepias curassavica</i>	Apocynaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Cascabela thevetia</i>	Apocynaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Marsdenia macrophylla</i>	Apocynaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Marsdenia</i> sp.	Apocynaceae	Charlottesville
Oleander	<i>Nerium oleander</i>	Apocynaceae	Charlottesville
Frangipani	<i>Plumeria cochleata</i>	Apocynaceae	Charlottesville
Frangipani	<i>Plumeria rubra</i>	Apocynaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Tabernaemontana cymosa</i>	Apocynaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Tabernaemontana oppositifolia</i>	Apocynaceae	Charlottesville
none (epiphyte)	<i>Anthurium jenmanii</i>	Araceae	Charlottesville
Angel Wings	<i>Caladium bicolor</i>	Araceae	Charlottesville
Dasheen	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	Araceae	Charlottesville
Devil's Ivy	<i>Epipremnum</i> sp.	Araceae	Charlottesville
Swiss Cheese Vine	<i>Monstera adansonii</i>	Araceae	Charlottesville
none (epiphyte)	<i>Philodendron acutatum</i>	Araceae	Charlottesville
none (epiphyte)	<i>Philodendrum</i> sp.	Araceae	Charlottesville
Tall Elephant's Ear	<i>Xanthosoma undipes</i>	Araceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Oreopanax capitatus</i>	Araliaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Polyscias</i> sp.	Araliaceae	Charlottesville
Norfolk Island Pine	<i>Araucaria heterophylla</i>	Araucariaceae	Charlottesville
Wine Palm	<i>Attalea butyracea</i>	Arecaceae	Charlottesville
none (palm)	<i>Bactris setulosa</i>	Arecaceae	Charlottesville
Caryota Palm	<i>Caryota mitis</i>	Arecaceae	Charlottesville
Silver Thatch Palm	<i>Coccothrinax barbadensis</i>	Arecaceae	Charlottesville
Coconut Palm	<i>Cocos nucifera</i>	Arecaceae	Charlottesville
none (climber)	<i>Desmoncus orthacanthos</i>	Arecaceae	Charlottesville
none (palm)	<i>Dypsis lutescens</i>	Arecaceae	Charlottesville
none (palm)	<i>Euterpe broadwayi</i>	Arecaceae	Charlottesville
none (fan palm)	<i>Livistona</i> sp.	Arecaceae	Charlottesville
none (palm)	<i>Prestoea acuminata</i>	Arecaceae	Charlottesville
Royal Palm	<i>Roystonea oleracea</i>	Arecaceae	Charlottesville
none (palm)	<i>Veitchia</i> sp.	Arecaceae	Charlottesville
none (fern)	<i>Thelypteris dentata</i>	Aspleniaceae	Charlottesville
none (fern)	<i>Thelypteris</i> sp. A	Aspleniaceae	Charlottesville
none (fern)	<i>Thelypteris</i> sp. B	Aspleniaceae	Charlottesville
none (fern)	<i>Thelypteris</i> sp. C	Aspleniaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Austroeupatorium inulifolium</i>	Asteraceae	Charlottesville
Railway Daisy	<i>Bidens alba</i>	Asteraceae	Charlottesville
West Indian Beggarticks	<i>Bidens cynapiifolia</i>	Asteraceae	Charlottesville

Christmas Bush	<i>Chromolaena odorata</i>	Asteraceae	Charlotteville
none (herb)	<i>Cyanthillium cinereum</i>	Asteraceae	Charlotteville
Congolala	<i>Eclipta prostrata</i>	Asteraceae	Charlotteville
none (herb)	<i>Elephantopus mollis</i>	Asteraceae	Charlotteville
Cupid's Shaving Brush	<i>Emilia sonchifolia</i>	Asteraceae	Charlotteville
Tasseflower	<i>Emilia</i> sp.	Asteraceae	Charlotteville
none (shrub)	<i>Eupatorium</i> sp.	Asteraceae	Charlotteville
none (herb)	<i>Pseudelephantopus spicatus</i>	Asteraceae	Charlotteville
Wedelia	<i>Sphagneticola trilobata</i>	Asteraceae	Charlotteville
none (herb)	<i>Synedrella nodiflora</i>	Asteraceae	Charlotteville
none (herb)	<i>Tridax procumbens</i>	Asteraceae	Charlotteville
none (shrub)	<i>Wulffia baccata</i>	Asteraceae	Charlotteville
Purple Trumpet Flower Vine	<i>Bignonia binata</i>	Bignoniaceae	Charlotteville
Calabash	<i>Crescentia cujete</i>	Bignoniaceae	Charlotteville
Cat's Claw Vine	<i>Dolichandra unguis-cati</i>	Bignoniaceae	Charlotteville
none (tree)	<i>Handroanthus</i> sp.	Bignoniaceae	Charlotteville
none (tree)	<i>Tabebuia chrysantha</i>	Bignoniaceae	Charlotteville
Pink Poui	<i>Tabebuia rosea</i>	Bignoniaceae	Charlotteville
Yellow Poui	<i>Tabebuia serratifolia</i>	Bignoniaceae	Charlotteville
Trumpet Flower	<i>Tecoma stans</i>	Bignoniaceae	Charlotteville
Cypre	<i>Cordia alliodora</i>	Boraginaceae	Charlotteville
Bois Lay Lay	<i>Cordia collococa</i>	Boraginaceae	Charlotteville
Black Sage	<i>Cordia curassavica</i>	Boraginaceae	Charlotteville
none (shrub)	<i>Tournefortia hirsutissima</i>	Boraginaceae	Charlotteville
Wild Pine	<i>Aechmea aquilega</i>	Bromeliaceae	Charlotteville
none (bromeliad)	<i>Aechmea nudicaulis</i>	Bromeliaceae	Charlotteville
Naked Indian	<i>Bursera simaruba</i>	Burseraceae	Charlotteville
none (epiphyte)	<i>Epiphyllum hookeri</i>	Cactaceae	Charlotteville
Red Pitaya	<i>Hylocereus lemairei</i>	Cactaceae	Charlotteville
Climbing Cactus	<i>Hylocereus</i> sp.	Cactaceae	Charlotteville
Mistletoe Cactus	<i>Rhipsalis cassutha</i>	Cactaceae	Charlotteville
none (herb)	<i>Centropogon cornutus</i>	Campanulaceae	Charlotteville
Trema	<i>Trema micrantha</i>	Cannabaceae	Charlotteville
Canna Lily	<i>Canna indica</i>	Cannaceae	Charlotteville
Paw paw	<i>Carica papaya</i>	Caricaceae	Charlotteville
none (shrub)	<i>Clusia palmicida</i>	Clusiaceae	Charlotteville
none (tree)	<i>Clusia rosea</i>	Clusiaceae	Charlotteville
White Mangrove	<i>Laguncularia racemosa</i>	Combretaceae	Charlotteville
White Olivier	<i>Terminalia amazonia</i>	Combretaceae	Charlotteville
Indian Almond	<i>Terminalia catappa</i>	Combretaceae	Charlotteville
Water Grass	<i>Commelina erecta</i>	Commelinaceae	Charlotteville
none (climber)	<i>Ipomoea phyllomega</i>	Convolvulaceae	Charlotteville

Sweet Potato Vine	<i>Ipomoea</i> sp. A	Convolvulaceae	Charlottesville
none (climber)	<i>Ipomoea</i> sp. B	Convolvulaceae	Charlottesville
Wild Ginger	<i>Costus scaber</i>	Costaceae	Charlottesville
Life Plant	<i>Bryophyllum pinnatum</i>	Crassulaceae	Charlottesville
Cucurbit (Gourd)	<i>Anguria</i> sp.	Cucurbitaceae	Charlottesville
Squash	<i>Cucurbita moschata</i>	Cucurbitaceae	Charlottesville
none (climber)	<i>Gurania lobata</i>	Cucurbitaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Melothria</i> sp.	Cucurbitaceae	Charlottesville
Carille	<i>Momordica charantia</i>	Cucurbitaceae	Charlottesville
none (fern)	<i>Cnemidaria spectabilis</i>	Cyatheaceae	Charlottesville
Spiny Treefern	<i>Cyathea pungens</i>	Cyatheaceae	Charlottesville
Cycad	<i>Cycas</i> sp.	Cycadaceae	Charlottesville
Swamp Flatsedge	<i>Cyperus ligularis</i>	Cyperaceae	Charlottesville
none (graminoid)	<i>Cyperus</i> sp. A	Cyperaceae	Charlottesville
none (graminoid)	<i>Cyperus</i> sp. B	Cyperaceae	Charlottesville
Tropical Flatsdgc	<i>Cyperus surinamensis</i>	Cyperaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Cyperus odoratus</i>	Cyperaceae	Charlottesville
Fragrant Spikesedge	<i>Kyllinga odorata</i>	Cyperaceae	Charlottesville
none (graminoid)	<i>Kyllinga</i> sp.	Cyperaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Scleria melaleuca</i>	Cyperaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Rhynchospora nervosa</i>	Cyperaceae	Charlottesville
none (yam)	<i>Dioscorea</i> sp.	Dioscoreaceae	Charlottesville
Marmelinho	<i>Diospyros inconstans</i>	Ebenaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Erythroxylum havanense</i>	Erythroxylaceae	Charlottesville
Croton	<i>Codiaeum variegatum</i>	Euphorbiaceae	Charlottesville
Bloodwood	<i>Croton gossypifolius</i>	Euphorbiaceae	Charlottesville
Tropical Smoke Bush	<i>Euphorbia cotinoides</i>	Euphorbiaceae	Charlottesville
Cassava	<i>Manihot esculenta</i>	Euphorbiaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Pedilanthus tithymaloides</i>	Euphorbiaceae	Charlottesville
Milkwood	<i>Sapium glandulosum</i>	Euphorbiaceae	Charlottesville
Puni	<i>Abarema jupunba</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Jumbie Bead	<i>Abrus precatorius</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Tantakayo	<i>Albizia niopoides</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Samaan Tree	<i>Albizia samman</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Alyce Clover	<i>Alysicarpus vaginalis</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Andira	<i>Andira inermis</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Orchid Tree	<i>Bauhinia</i> sp.	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Scarlet Flame-Bean	<i>Brownea coccinea</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Pride of Barbados	<i>Caesalpinia pulcherrima</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Pigeon Pea	<i>Cajanus cajan</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Desmodium adscendens</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Desmodium axillare</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Desmodium</i> sp.	Fabaceae	Charlottesville

none (herb)	<i>Desmodium triflorum</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
none (fern)	<i>Dicranopteris pectinata</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
none (climber)	<i>Dioclea guianensis</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
none (climber)	<i>Entada polystachya</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Water Immortelle	<i>Erythrina fusca</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Mountain Immortelle	<i>Erythrina poeppigiana</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Glory Cedar	<i>Gliricidia sepium</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Pois Doux	<i>Inga ingoides</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Inga</i> sp. A	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Inga</i> sp. B	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
none (climber)	<i>Machaerium isadelphum</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Ti-marie	<i>Mimosa pudica</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Stinkwood	<i>Piscidia carthagenensis</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Kudzu Vine	<i>Pueraria montana var. lobata</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
Ringworm Bush	<i>Senna alata</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Senna bacillaris</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Senna occidentalis</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
none (climber)	<i>Vigna luteola</i>	Fabaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Enicostema verticillatum</i>	Gentianaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Drymonia serrulata</i>	Gesneriaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Xiphidium caeruleum</i>	Haemodoraceae	Charlottesville
Baliser	<i>Heliconia bihai</i>	Heliconiaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Heliconia rostrata</i>	Heliconiaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Heliconia spathocircinata</i>	Heliconiaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Vismia cayennensis</i>	Hypericaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Vismia guianensis</i>	Hypericaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Vismia laxiflora</i>	Hypericaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Hyptis</i> sp.	Lamiaceae	Charlottesville
Avacado	<i>Persea americana</i>	Lauraceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Phthirusa pyrifolia</i>	Loranthaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Cuphea</i> sp.	Lythraceae	Charlottesville
Crepe Myrtle	<i>Lagerstroemia floribunda</i>	Lythraceae	Charlottesville
Ochro	<i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i>	Malvaceae	Charlottesville
Tobago Sandbox	<i>Apeiba schomburgkii</i>	Malvaceae	Charlottesville
Bois d'orme	<i>Guazuma ulmifolia</i>	Malvaceae	Charlottesville
Hibiscus	<i>Hibiscus mutabilia</i>	Malvaceae	Charlottesville
Sorrel	<i>Hibiscus sabdariffa</i>	Malvaceae	Charlottesville
Hibiscus	<i>Hibiscus</i> sp.	Malvaceae	Charlottesville
Bois Flow	<i>Ochroma pyramidale</i>	Malvaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Sida acuta</i>	Malvaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Sida rhombifolia</i>	Malvaceae	Charlottesville
Cocoa	<i>Theobroma cacao</i>	Malvaceae	Charlottesville
Cachibou	<i>Calathea lutea</i>	Marantaceae	Charlottesville

Maranta	<i>Maranta gibba</i>	Marantaceae	Charlottesville
Soap Bush	<i>Clidemia hirta</i>	Melastomataceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Miconia</i> sp.	Melastomataceae	Charlottesville
Crappo	<i>Carapa guianensis</i>	Meliaceae	Charlottesville
Cedar	<i>Cedrela mexicana</i>	Meliaceae	Charlottesville
Redwood	<i>Guarea glabra</i>	Meliaceae	Charlottesville
Mahogany	<i>Swietenia</i> sp.	Meliaceae	Charlottesville
Obi	<i>Trichilia pallida</i>	Meliaceae	Charlottesville
Acurel	<i>Trichilia pleeana</i>	Meliaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Mollinedia laurina</i>	Monimiaceae	Charlottesville
Bread Fruit	<i>Artocarpus attilus</i>	Moraceae	Charlottesville
Mexican Rubber	<i>Castella elastica</i>	Moraceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Ficus amazonica</i>	Moraceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Ficus broadwayi</i>	Moraceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Ficus elastica</i>	Moraceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Ficus guianensis</i>	Moraceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Ficus lyrata</i>	Moraceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Ficus nymphaeifolia</i>	Moraceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Ficus yoponensis</i>	Moraceae	Charlottesville
Calabura	<i>Muntingia calabura</i>	Muntingiaceae	Charlottesville
Plantain	<i>Musa balbisiana</i>	Musaceae	Charlottesville
Banana	<i>Musa</i> sp.	Musaceae	Charlottesville
Traveller's Palm	<i>Ravenala madagascarensis</i>	Musaceae	Charlottesville
Wild Nutmeg	<i>Virola surinamensis</i>	Myristicaceae	Charlottesville
none (wild coffee)	<i>Eugenia</i> sp. A	Myrtaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Eugenia</i> sp. B	Myrtaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Myrcia tobagensis</i>	Myrtaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Plinia</i> sp.	Myrtaceae	Charlottesville
Pomerac	<i>Syzygium malaccense</i>	Myrtaceae	Charlottesville
Bougainvillea	<i>Bougainvillea spectabilis</i>	Nyctaginaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Guapira cuspidata</i>	Nyctaginaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Guapira fragrans</i>	Nyctaginaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Guapira salicifolia</i>	Nyctaginaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Ouratea guildingii</i>	Ochnaceae	Charlottesville
none (orchid)	<i>Coryanthes</i> sp.	Orchidaceae	Charlottesville
none (epiphyte)	<i>Epidendrum</i> sp.	Orchidaceae	Charlottesville
none (epiphyte)	<i>Epidendrum stenopelatum</i>	Orchidaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Oeceoclades maculata</i>	Orchidaceae	Charlottesville
none (epiphyte)	<i>Polystachya concreta</i>	Orchidaceae	Charlottesville
none (epiphyte)	<i>Prosthechea fragrans</i>	Orchidaceae	Charlottesville
none (epiphyte)	Sp. A	Orchidaceae	Charlottesville
none (screwpine)	<i>Pandanus</i> sp.	Pandanaceae	Charlottesville
Sour Cherry	<i>Phyllanthus acidus</i>	Phyllanthaceae	Charlottesville

none (shrub)	<i>Phyllanthus amarus</i>	Phyllanthaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Picramnia pentandra</i>	Picramniaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Peperomia pellucida</i>	Piperaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Piper dilatatum</i>	Piperaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Piper hispidum</i>	Piperaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Piper tuberculatum</i>	Piperaceae	Charlottesville
Oat Grass	<i>Acroceras zizanioides</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Andropogon bicornis</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
Broadleaf Carpetgrass	<i>Axonopus compressus</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
Common Bamboo	<i>Bambusa vulgaris</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (graminoid)	<i>Chloris barbatus</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
Lemon Grass	<i>Cymbopogon citratus</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
Wiregrass	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (graminoid)	<i>Eragrostis</i> sp.	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Lasiacis</i> sp.	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Panicum maximum</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Panicum</i> sp. A	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Panicum</i> sp. B	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Paspalum conjugatum</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Paspalum fimbriatum</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Paspalum</i> sp.	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Paspalum virgatum</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
Elephant Grass	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
Sugar Cane	<i>Saccharum officinarum</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Setaria</i> sp.	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Sporobolus jacquemontii</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Sporobolus virgenicus</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
Corn	<i>Zea mays</i>	Poaceae	Charlottesville
none (climber)	<i>Securidaca diversifolia</i>	Polygalaceae	Charlottesville
Sea Grape	<i>Coccoloba uvifera</i>	Polygonaceae	Charlottesville
none (fern)	<i>Campyloneurum phyllitidis</i>	Polypodiaceae	Charlottesville
Creeping Fern	<i>Microgramma</i> sp.	Polypodiaceae	Charlottesville
none (fern)	<i>Nephrolepis</i> sp.	Polypodiaceae	Charlottesville
none (fern)	<i>Polybotrya</i> sp.	Polypodiaceae	Charlottesville
none (fern)	<i>Polypodium</i> sp. A	Polypodiaceae	Charlottesville
none (fern)	<i>Polypodium</i> sp. B	Polypodiaceae	Charlottesville
Maidenhair Fern	<i>Adiantum</i> sp.	Pteridaceae	Charlottesville
Rouge Plant	<i>Rivina humilis</i>	Pyhtolaccaceae	Charlottesville
Monkey Apple	<i>Genipa americana</i>	Rubiaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Gonzalagunia Spicata</i>	Rubiaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Guettarda</i> sp.	Rubiaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Hamelia patens</i>	Rubiaceae	Charlottesville
Ixora	<i>Ixora</i> sp.	Rubiaceae	Charlottesville

Noni	<i>Morinda citrifolia</i>	Rubiaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Notopleura uliginosa</i>	Rubiaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Psychotria muscosa</i>	Rubiaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Randia aculeata</i>	Rubiaceae	Charlottesville
Jagua Macho	<i>Randia armata</i>	Rubiaceae	Charlottesville
Bois Tatoo	<i>Rudgea hostmanniana</i>	Rubiaceae	Charlottesville
none (climber)	<i>Sabicea villosa</i>	Rubiaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Spermacoce</i> sp. A	Rubiaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Spermacoce</i> sp. B	Rubiaceae	Charlottesville
Portugal	<i>Citrus auratifolia</i>	Rutaceae	Charlottesville
Orange	<i>Citrus reticulata</i>	Rutaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Murraya</i> sp.	Rutaceae	Charlottesville
Guyanese Wild Coffee	<i>Casearia guianensis</i>	Salicaceae	Charlottesville
Wild Sage	<i>Casearia sylvestris</i>	Salicaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Cupania americana</i>	Sapindaceae	Charlottesville
Mgambo Tree	<i>Majidea zanguebarica</i>	Sapindaceae	Charlottesville
Cennet	<i>Melicoccus bijugatus</i>	Sapindaceae	Charlottesville
none (climber)	<i>Serjania paucidentata</i>	Sapindaceae	Charlottesville
none (climber)	<i>Urvillea ulmacea</i>	Sapindaceae	Charlottesville
Caimit	<i>Chrysophyllum</i> sp.	Sapotaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Selaginella</i> sp.	Selaginellaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Simarouba amara</i>	Simaroubaceae	Charlottesville
none (climber)	<i>Smilax cumanensis</i>	Smilacaceae	Charlottesville
Wild Tobacco	<i>Acnistus arborescens</i>	Solanaceae	Charlottesville
Forget-me-not	<i>Browallia americana</i>	Solanaceae	Charlottesville
Pepper	<i>Capsicum baccatum</i>	Solanaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Cestrum alternifolium</i>	Solanaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Solanum adhaerens</i>	Solanaceae	Charlottesville
Gouma	<i>Solanum americanus</i>	Solanaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Solanum hirtum</i>	Solanaceae	Charlottesville
Bhaigan	<i>Solanum melongena</i>	Solanaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Solanum stramonifolium</i>	Solanaceae	Charlottesville
none (graminoid)	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	Solanaceae	Charlottesville
none (fern)	<i>Tectaria</i> sp.	Tectariaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Daphnopsis americana</i> subsp. <i>caribaea</i>	Thymelaeaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Phenax sonneratii</i>	Urticaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Pilea microphylla</i>	Urticaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Pilea</i> sp.	Urticaceae	Charlottesville
Stinging Nettle	<i>Urera baccifera</i>	Urticaceae	Charlottesville
Bois Canon	<i>Cecropia peltata</i>	Urticaceae	Charlottesville
Fiddle Wood	<i>Citharexylum fruticosum</i>	Verbenaceae	Charlottesville
none (tree)	<i>Citharexylum</i> sp.	Verbenaceae	Charlottesville

Golden Dewdrops	<i>Duranta erecta</i>	Verbenaceae	Charlottesville
Sleeper Weed	<i>Lantana camara</i>	Verbenaceae	Charlottesville
Lantana	<i>Lantana trifolia</i>	Verbenaceae	Charlottesville
False Thyme	<i>Lippia micromera</i>	Verbenaceae	Charlottesville
none (shrub)	<i>Petrea arborea</i>	Verbenaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Priva lappulacea</i>	Verbenaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Stachytarpheta cayennensis</i>	Verbenaceae	Charlottesville
none (herb)	<i>Stachytarpheta jamaicensis</i>	Verbenaceae	Charlottesville
Teak	<i>Tectona grandis</i>	Verbenaceae	Charlottesville
none (climber)	<i>Cissus verticillata</i>	Vitaceae	Charlottesville
Red Ginger	<i>Alpinia purpurata</i>	Zingiberaceae	Charlottesville
none (ginger)	<i>Renealmia</i> sp.	Zingiberaceae	Charlottesville