

Seminar on Poverty Reduction and Development under the Global Development Initiative

Name	Seminar on Poverty Reduction and Development under the Global Development Initiative		
Organizer	International Poverty Reduction Center in China		
Time	2024-10-11 -- 2024-10-24	Language for Learning	English
Invited Countries	Government officials and researchers from agricultural and rural areas, poverty reduction, economy, employment, ecology, education, finance, public services, planning and development, international cooperation and other relevant departments in developing countries.		
Number of Participants	25		
Requirements for the Participants	Age	Under 45 for officials at or under director's level; under 50 for officials at director general's level.	
	Health	In good health with health certificate issued by the local public hospitals; without diseases with which entry to China is disallowed by China's laws and regulations; without severe chronic diseases such as serious high blood pressure, cardiovascular/cerebrovascular diseases and diabetes; without metal diseases or epidemic diseases that are likely to cause serious threat to public health; not in the process of recovering after a major operation or in the process of acute diseases; not seriously disabled or pregnant.	
	Language	Capable of listening, speaking, reading and writing in English during the training	
	others	Family members or friends shall not follow	
Host City	Beijing	Local Temperature	23°C-36°C
Cities to visit	Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province	Local Temperature	25°C-38°C
Notes	<p>1. Please prepare a valid passport and visa in advance.</p> <p>2. The seminar will organize participants to make national poverty reduction presentations and exchange views on poverty reduction. Participants are encouraged to bring personal laptops.</p> <p>3. If the flight cannot depart on time due to special circumstances, or the flight is delayed during transfer, please contact the project coordinator to inform her of the latest flight status, so as to arrange the pick-up.</p> <p>4. In principle, individuals are not allowed to change international tickets. If necessary, please contact the Enrollment Unit - Economic and Commercial Office of the Chinese Embassy in the participant's home country to go through the procedures. If you change your ticket without permission, you will be responsible for the expenses and liabilities incurred.</p> <p>5. Please confirm whether you need to check the baggage again during the transfer; Please wait patiently at the international arrival exit (or domestic arrival exit) after the landing of the flight to collect your baggage. The staff will hold the pick-up name board written with "IPRCC" or "SEMINAR". If you've wait longer than 30 minutes, contact the project coordinator.</p> <p>6. If you need to register with the airline in case of lost checked baggage, please call the project coordinator to confirm the address of baggage delivery before filling in the registration form.</p> <p>7. Please pay attention to the weather of the host area and bring corresponding clothes; Prepare light footwear for inspection; Formal dress or national costume is required for important activities.</p> <p>8. Please take a small amount of commonly used medicine (e.g. cold medicine/dietary probiotics, common drugs for your chronic diseases).</p> <p>9. Strongly recommend participants download and register WeChat and Skype accounts before coming to China.</p> <p>10. Please download China's offline google maps prior your departure to China.</p>		
Contact of the Organizer	Contact Person(s)	Mr.Lei Xinzhou, Ms.Guo Yan	
	Telephone	0086-10-59195728(Mr.Lei), 0086-10-59195722(Ms.Guo)	
	Cell	0086-13911810713(Mr.Lei), 0086-15210519391(Ms.Guo)	
	Fax	0086-10-59195777(Mr.Lei), 0086-10-59195777(Ms.Guo)	
	E-mail	leixinzhou@iprcc.org.cn(Mr.Lei), guoyan@iprcc.org.cn(Ms.Guo)	

<p>About the Organizer</p>	<p>The International Poverty Reduction Center in China (IPRCC) was established in May 2005 as one of outcomes of Shanghai Global Conference on Scaling Up Poverty Reduction in 2004. IPRCC was jointly initiated and established by the Chinese government, the UNDP, the World Bank and other international organizations. It is designed for research, training, exchange, collaboration and knowledge sharing in poverty reduction. IPRCC is committed to the internationalization of China's poverty reduction experience, as well as the localization of global experience, so as to forge an integrated platform for poverty reduction and development. Since 2005 to the end of 2023, IPRCC has successfully held 201 seminars, with 15477 participants from 140 countries. IPRCC has developed training textbooks such as "Ten Keys to Understanding China's Poverty Reduction", video textbooks and micro video cases teaching materials. In the central and western regions in China, 15 provinces have been identified as "China Poverty Alleviation Exchange Base". Participants can be arranged to visit the bases for field visits and feel the effects of poverty alleviation policies and practices. IPRCC is also equipped with an international training team that understands business, knows foreign languages and has high quality. At the same time, it has compiled and printed the international training manual for poverty reduction, which has strengthened the standardized management and promoted the high-quality development of project implementation. IPRCC has two training classrooms with an area of 120 square meters, and has the necessary venues and equipment for online training. Web site of IPRCC: http://www.iprcc.org</p>
<p>Seminar Content</p>	<p>Since 2013, Xi Jinping, General Secretary of CPC has pointed out that development is the master key to solving all problems, the key to realizing people's happiness, and the aspiration of the people of all countries. At present, it is recognized that sustainable development is a scientific development model, which specifically refers to the coordinated and unified development of nature, economy and society. The most recent agenda for sustainable development is the United Nations 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development in 2015, which sets out 17 sustainable development goals and 169 targets, providing a common framework for the sustainable development of countries around the world. In September 2016, China issued the National Plan for the Implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. Integrate the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals into all areas of China's economic, population and social, resource and environmental sustainable development. With the implementation of the Chinese government's sustainable development strategy in the fields of economy, population and society, resources and environment, China has made remarkable progress in achieving sustainable development goals in these fields. In March 2021, China announced that all the rural poor living under the current poverty standard have been lifted out of poverty, which has historically solved the problem of absolute poverty and completed the building of a moderately prosperous society in all respects. The speed and scale of China's poverty reduction is unprecedented, both by World Bank standards and by China's current poverty standards. China has achieved the poverty reduction target of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development proposed by the United Nations in 2015 ten years ahead of schedule. China's poverty reduction practice shows that the most important thing to fight poverty is to rely on development, and in the face of global poverty, the solution also depends on development. On 21 September 2021, the Global Development Initiative was presented by Xi Jinping president of China during the General Debate of the 76th Session of the United Nations General Assembly. First, give priority to development; Second, adhere to the people-centered approach; Third, uphold the principle of universal benefit and inclusiveness. Fourth, adhere to innovation-driven; Fifth, uphold harmonious coexistence between man and nature; Sixth, we need to be action-oriented. The Initiative focuses on the most pressing issues facing developing countries such as poverty reduction, food security, economic recovery, education and health, and aims to accelerate the advancement of the 2030 Development Agenda proposed by the United Nations. That is why UN Secretary-General Antonio Guterres pointed out that the time of the Global Development Initiative was presenting by Xi Jinping president is right to put forward the Global Development Initiative, and the UN supports it unequivocally and is willing to cooperate with China in this regard and work with other countries to promote its implementation. As a responsible major country, while committed to poverty eradication itself, China has carried out extensive poverty alleviation cooperation with Africa, Latin America, ASEAN and other countries along the Belt and Road, signed poverty alleviation cooperation agreements, and actively supported and helped developing countries, especially the least developed countries, to eliminate poverty. The theme of this program is "Poverty Reduction and Development under the Global Development Initiative". It invites</p>

government officials and researchers from relevant departments of poverty reduction and development in developing countries to participate in the seminar, so that the participants will have a comprehensive understanding of the current situation, trend and path of poverty eradication and coordinated development of economic, social and natural resources in developing countries. It will explain China's global development initiative and its strategic policies, institutional mechanisms and progress in promoting poverty reduction and development, analyze the problems and challenges faced by developing countries in eradicating poverty and promoting coordinated economic and social development, and explore policies, measures and ways to comprehensively eliminate poverty, build inclusive growth mechanisms, optimize economic and social development patterns, and accelerate the process of national modernization. The teaching activities of the seminar are divided into three parts: classroom teaching, discussion and exchange and field visit.

I. Classroom Teaching. It includes 1 public course, 7 core courses and 1 case teaching.

(I) Public Courses:

China's economic and social development strategy and results. It mainly introduces China's basic national conditions and the main results, strategic measures, models and mechanisms of economic and social development, as well as experience and inspiration.

(II) Core Courses:

1. Global Development Initiative and China's international development cooperation. This paper mainly introduces China's policies, measures, implementation models and experience in promoting the implementation of global development initiatives and strengthening international cooperation in poverty reduction and development.

2. China's poverty alleviation policies and practices. This paper mainly introduces the strategic plan, implementation mechanism, policy measures, main results and experience inspiration of China's poverty alleviation.

3. China's inclusive growth policies and practices. This paper mainly introduces China's strategic framework, policy practice, main results and experience inspiration for building an inclusive growth pattern.

4. Science and technology innovation policy and practice in China. This paper mainly introduces the strategic framework, policy measures, main effects and experience enlightenment of China's science and technology innovation.

5. China's ecological construction and green development policies and practices. This paper mainly introduces China's strategic framework, policies and measures, implementation model, work effect and experience inspiration for promoting ecological construction and strengthening green development.

6. China's rural public service policy and practice. This paper mainly introduces the strategic framework, policy measures, implementation model, work effect and experience revelation of China's rural public service.

7. China's rural infrastructure construction policy and practice. This paper mainly introduces the strategic framework, policy measures, implementation model, work effect and experience enlightenment of China's rural infrastructure construction.

(III) Case teaching. This session mainly introduces the economic and social development status of the local provinces, and the policies and measures, implementation models, main results and experience inspiration for the development of economy, industry, agriculture, employment, education, medical care, science and technology.

(IV) Information about the speakers:

1. Dr. Zhang Deliang, Deputy Director, Training Division, International Poverty Reduction Center in China

2. Chen Xiaoning, Associate Researcher, Institute of International Development Cooperation, Academy of International Trade and Economic Cooperation, Ministry of Commerce

3. Wang Libin, Professor, China Agricultural University

4. Gou Tianlai, Professor, Beijing University of Agriculture

5. Guo Qiang, Associate Professor, North University of China

6. Ge Chazhong, Chief Scientist and Researcher, Institute of Environmental Planning, Ministry of Ecology and Environment

7. Liu Yonggong, Professor, China Agricultural University

II. Discussions and Exchanges. The participants from developing countries will be invited to give national speeches to introduce their policies and experiences on poverty eradication, economic growth, public service improvement, scientific and technological innovation,

ecological improvement, coordinated and balanced economic and social development, enhance the exchange of experience between China and other developing countries in poverty reduction and development, and effectively implement the Global Development Initiative. Promote the improvement of the strategic system and working mechanism for poverty reduction and development.

III. Field Visits. Field visits to local areas will enable the participants to understand the practices and achievements of local provinces and regions in promoting poverty alleviation, rural revitalization and sustainable development, covering industrial development, employment promotion, education development, health services, ecological governance, science and technology promotion, poverty alleviation and relocation in infrequent areas, and social security system construction.